Summary Prospectus

Innovator Deepwater Frontier Tech ETF (formerly Innovator Loup Frontier Tech ETF)

(NYSE Arca — LOUP)



February 28, 2024

Innovator Deepwater Frontier Tech ETF (the "Fund") is a series of Innovator ETFs Trust (the "Trust") and an exchange-traded index fund. The Fund lists and principally trades its shares on NYSE Arca, Inc. ("NYSE Arca" or the "Exchange"). Market prices may differ to some degree from the net asset value of shares of the Fund ("Shares"). Unlike mutual funds, the Fund issues and redeems Shares at net asset value only in large blocks of Shares called "Creation Units." The Fund is a series of the Trust and is a passively managed exchange-traded fund organized as a separate series of a registered management investment company.

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus (including amendments and supplements) and other information about the Fund, including the Fund's statement of additional information and shareholder report, online at http://www.innovatoretfs.com/etf/?ticker=loup. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (800) 208-5212, sending an email request to info@innovatoretfs.com or from your financial professional. The Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, both dated February 28, 2024, as amended and supplemented from time to time, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

INNOVATOR DEEPWATER FRONTIER TECH ETF

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund seeks to track, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Deepwater Frontier Tech Index (the *"Index"*).

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund (*"Shares"*). You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.70% 0.00%
Other Expenses	0.00%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.70%

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then sell all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain at current levels. This example does not include the brokerage commissions that investors may pay to buy and sell Shares.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, your costs, based on these assumptions, would be:	\$72	\$224	\$390	\$871

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it purchases and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover will cause the Fund to incur additional transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the example, may affect the Fund's performance. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 153% of the average value of its portfolio, excluding the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of the Fund's in-kind creations and redemptions.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets (including borrowings for investment purposes) in the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund, using an indexing investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. Penserra Capital Management LLC (*"Penserra"* or the *"Sub-Adviser"*), the Fund's investment sub-adviser, seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

The Deepwater Frontier Tech Index is a rules-based stock index owned, developed and maintained by Deepwater Asset Management, LLC (*"Deepwater"* or the *"Index Provider"*) that seeks to identify and track those companies identified as being on the frontier of the development of new technologies that have the potential to have an outsized influence on the future. These include, but are not limited to, companies engaged in the development and utilization of artificial intelligence, robotics, autonomous vehicle technologies, virtual reality, mixed/augmented reality and other similarly disruptive technological innovations.

The Index is composed of common stocks, American Depositary Receipts (*"ADRs"*) and Global Depositary Receipts (*"GDRs"*). The securities comprising the Index may be issued by small, mid or large capitalization issuers operating in developing or emerging markets. The Index Provider begins the security selection process by identifying the technological sub-themes most relevant to the Fund's "frontier technology" investment theme. A company is eligible for inclusion in the Index if it derives 50% of its revenue from one of the identified sub-themes or if it meets two of the following three criteria: (i) the company's revenue related to one or more identified sub-themes grew by more than 25% year-over-year in the most recent calendar year; (ii) the company's operating in the most recent calendar year; or (iii) the company's capital expenditures related to one or more of the identified sub-themes grew by more than 25% year-over-year in the most recent calendar year; or (iii) the company's capital expenditures related to one or more of the identified sub-themes grew by more than 25% year-over-year in the most recent calendar year; or (iii) the company's capital expenditures related to one or more of the identified sub-themes grew by more than 25% year-over-year in the most recent calendar year; or (iii) the company's capital expenditures related to one or more of the identified sub-themes grew by more than 25% year-over-year in the most recent calendar year. As of the date of the prospectus, the Index Provider has identified the following sub-themes as being relevant to the Index's investment theme:

- *Artificial Intelligence*. Companies that provide or are developing software services that seek to automate tasks previously requiring human intelligence or input. These services may directly automate specific processes or provide semi-automated tools as an intermediate step to full automation.
- *Autonomous and Electric Vehicles*. Companies that provide or are developing hardware and/or software used in the development of self-driving or unmanned aerial vehicles, or other autonomous vehicles that operate on land, air or sea. The category also includes electrification, energy storage, and other companies relevant to the evolution of energy.
- *Fintech*. Companies involved in creating transformative experiences involving the use of money. This sub-theme may include companies that enable complex commerce transactions, innovative retail experiences, new credit products, and alternative currencies.

- *Robotics*. Companies that create or are developing robotics and related products and services for industrial, collaborative, medical and/or consumer-related automation. This includes companies that provide hardware and software related to enabling perception (vision and sound), which could include sensors, laser arrays, semiconductors, among others.
- *Virtual/Augmented Reality.* Companies that provide or are developing hardware and/or software for delivering immersive virtual reality experiences or for delivering experiences that enhance the physical world with a digital overlay, including gaming companies.

Once eligible companies have been identified, the investible universe is narrowed by excluding companies that do not meet certain criteria. To be included in the Index, a company or its issued securities must meet the following requirements:

- All securities, including those issued by companies operating in "emerging markets" countries, must have their primary listing exchange be located in a "developed market" country (as identified by the Index Provider) or in China, India, South Korea or Taiwan.
- Companies must have a minimum market capitalization of \$250 million (but no more than \$500 billion) and a minimum average daily liquidity of \$2 million over the previous six months. In addition, a security must have traded on 90% of the eligible trading days in the previous six months. In the case of securities that do not have a six-month trading history (*e.g.* securities issued in recent initial public offerings), such a security must have a minimum average daily liquidity of \$2 million for the last full month of trading and a stock price of at least \$10.
- All securities must have a minimum free float equivalent to 10% of the securities outstanding.
- Securities trading at a price greater than \$10,000 per share may not be included in the Index. This is not applicable to existing constituents of the Index. Existing constituents that have appreciated in value to greater than \$10,000 per share may remain in the Index.

The Index Provider uses the thematic focus areas to narrow the frontier list to 30 securities that will comprise the Index based on its assessment of a company's near and long-term prospects relative to frontier technology development.

After establishing the selection set, the Index Provider ranks companies using the following metrics: (1) revenue growth; and (2) revenue growth acceleration ranking. Each of these two rankings will be weighted by 1/2 and summed to create a composite ranking for each stock in the selection set.

The Index is weighted across the two ranking categories given the ranking of the selection set: a high conviction category of 5 stocks at 5% weight each, and a conviction category with 25 stocks at a weight of 3% weight each. The Index is rebalanced and reconstituted monthly.

The Fund is classified as "diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). To the extent the Index concentrates (*i.e.*, holds 25% or more of its total assets) in the securities of a particular industry or group of industries, the Fund will concentrate its investments to approximately the same extent. As of the date of this prospectus, the Fund had significant exposure to the information technology sector.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objectives will be achieved. The principal risks are presented in alphabetical order to facilitate finding particular risks and comparing them with other funds. Each risk summarized below is considered a "principal risk" of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears.

Authorized Participant Concentration Risk. Only an authorized participant may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Fund. The Fund has a limited number of institutions that may act as authorized participants on an agency basis (*i.e.*, on behalf of other market participants). To the extent that authorized participants exit the business or are unable to proceed with orders for the issuance or redemption of Creation Units and no other authorized participant is able to step forward to fulfill the order, Shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts and/or delisting, and the bid/ask spread (the difference between the price that someone is willing to pay for Shares at a specific point in time versus the price at which someone is willing to sell) on Shares may widen.

Concentration Risk. To the extent that the Index concentrates in the securities of issuers in a particular industry or sector, the Fund will also concentrate its investments to approximately the same extent. The Fund may be susceptible to loss due to adverse occurrences to the extent that the Fund's investments are concentrated in a particular issuer or issuers, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class.

Currency Risk. Changes in currency exchange rates affect the value of investments denominated in a foreign currency, and therefore the value of such investments in the Fund's portfolio. The Fund's NAV could decline if a currency to which the Fund has exposure depreciates against the U.S. dollar or if there are delays or limits on repatriation of such currency. Currency exchange rates can be very volatile and can change quickly and unpredictably. As a result, the value of an investment in the Fund may change quickly and without warning.

Cyber Security Risk. The Fund is susceptible to operational risks through breaches in cyber security. A breach in cyber security refers to both intentional and unintentional events that may cause the Fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity. Such events could cause the Fund to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. Cyber security breaches may involve unauthorized access to the Fund's digital information systems through "hacking" or malicious software coding, but may also result from outside attacks such as denial-of-service attacks through efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users. In addition, cyber security breaches of the Fund's third-party service providers, such as its administrator, transfer agent, custodian, or sub-adviser, as applicable, or issuers in which the Fund invests, can also subject the Fund to many of the same risks associated with direct cyber security breaches. While the Fund has established business continuity plans and risk management systems designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems. Additionally, there is no guarantee that such efforts will succeed, especially because the Fund does not directly control the cyber security systems of issuers or third-party service providers.

Depositary Receipts Risk. Depositary receipts, such as ADRs or GDRs, may be subject to certain of the risks associated with direct investments in the securities of foreign companies, such as currency, political, economic and market risks, because their values depend on the performance of the non-dollar denominated underlying foreign securities. Certain countries may limit the ability to convert depositary receipts into the underlying foreign securities and vice versa, which may cause the securities of the foreign company to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the related depositary receipts. Depositary receipts may be purchased through "sponsored" or "unsponsored" facilities. A sponsored facility is established jointly by a depositary and the issuer of the underlying security. A depositary may establish an unsponsored facility without participation by the issuer of the deposited security. Unsponsored receipts may involve higher expenses and may be less liquid. Holders of unsponsored facility frequently is under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications received from the issuer of the deposited security or to pass through voting rights to the holders of such receipts in respect of the deposited securities.

Emerging Markets Risk. Emerging markets are generally more volatile than markets of more developed countries and may be more likely to experience inflation risk, political turmoil and rapid changes in economic conditions than more developed markets. Emerging market companies are also subject to a greater risk of market closure or manipulation, less liquidity, limited reliable access to capital and exchange delisting. Emerging markets often have less uniformity in accounting and reporting requirements, unreliable securities valuation and greater risk with custody of securities than developed markets. Additionally, emerging markets often have greater risk of capital controls through such measures as taxes or interest rate control than developed markets. Certain emerging market countries may also lack the required infrastructure to attract large amounts of non-U.S. trade and investment. Additionally, the rights and remedies available to investors in emerging markets. Finally, the limitations associated with investments in emerging market companies could impact the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

Equity Securities Risk. Equity securities may decline in value because of declines in the price of a particular holding or the broad stock market. Such declines may relate directly to the issuer of a security or broader economic or market events, including changes in interest rates. The value of Shares will fluctuate with changes in the value of the equity securities the Fund invests in.

Index Provider Risk. The Fund seeks to achieve returns that generally correspond, before fees and expenses, to the performance of their Index, as published by their Index Provider. There is no assurance that the Index Provider will compile its Index accurately, or that the Index will be determined, composed or calculated accurately. While the Index Provider gives descriptions of what the Index is designed to achieve, the Index Provider does not provide any warranty or accept any liability in relation to the quality, accuracy or completeness of data in its indices, and it does not guarantee that its Index will be in line with its methodology.

Information Technology Companies Risk. Information technology companies face intense competition, both domestically and internationally, which may have an adverse effect on profit margins. Like other technology companies, information technology companies may have limited product lines, markets, financial resources or personnel. The products of information technology companies may face obsolescence due to rapid technological developments, frequent new

product introduction, unpredictable changes in growth rates and competition for the services of qualified personnel. Companies in the information technology sector are heavily dependent on patent and intellectual property rights. The loss or impairment of these rights may adversely affect the profitability of these companies. Information technology companies are facing increased government and regulatory scrutiny and may be subject to adverse government or regulatory action.

Market Maker Risk. If the Fund has lower average daily trading volumes, it may rely on a small number of third-party market makers to provide a market for the purchase and sale of Shares. Any trading halt or other problem relating to the trading activity of these market makers could result in a dramatic change in the spread between the Fund's NAV and the price at which the Shares are trading on the Exchange, which could result in a decrease in value of the Shares. In addition, decisions by market makers or APs to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying values of the Fund's portfolio securities and the Fund's market price. This reduced effectiveness could result in Shares trading at a discount to NAV and in greater than normal intra-day bid-ask spreads for Shares.

Market Risk. The Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. Assets may decline in value due to factors affecting financial markets generally or particular asset classes or industries represented in the markets. The value of assets may also decline due to general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or due to factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates will not have the same impact on all types of securities. Securities, including the Shares, are subject to market fluctuations and liquidity constraints that may be caused by such factors as economic, political, or regulatory developments, changes in interest rates, and/or perceived trends in securities prices. Shares of the Fund could decline in value or underperform other investments. The value of Shares may also decline as a result of market conditions. Factors such as inflation, changes in interest rates, changes in regulatory requirements, bank failures, political climate deterioration or developments, armed conflicts, natural disasters or future health crises, may negatively impact market conditions, and cause a decrease in the value of Shares. Other unexpected political, regulatory and diplomatic events within the U.S. and abroad may affect investor and consumer confidence and may adversely impact financial markets and the broader economy. These events, and any other future events, may adversely affect the prices and liquidity of the Fund's portfolio investments and could result in disruptions in the trading markets.

Non-U.S. Investment Risk. Investments in securities of non-U.S. companies (particularly in emerging markets) present risks beyond those of securities of U.S. issuers and can be more volatile than investments in U.S. companies. Risks of investing in securities of foreign companies include: different accounting standards; expropriation, nationalization or other adverse political or economic developments; currency devaluation, blockages or transfer restrictions; changes in foreign currency exchange rates; taxes; restrictions on non-U.S. investments and exchange of securities; and less government supervision and regulation of issuers in non-U.S. countries. Further, other diplomatic, political or economic developments can affect investments in foreign

companies. Prices of non-U.S. securities may also be more volatile. Finally, the value of securities denominated in foreign currencies, and of dividends from such securities, can change significantly when foreign currencies strengthen or weaken relative to the U.S. dollar.

Operational Risk. The Fund is subject to risks arising from various operational factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. Although the Fund and its investment adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures, there is no way to completely protect against such risks.

Passive Investment Risk. The Fund invests in the securities included in the Index regardless of their investment merit. The Fund does not attempt to outperform the Index or take defensive positions in declining markets, except in connection with the Index's risk reduction mechanism. As a result, the Fund's performance may be adversely affected by a general decline in the market segments relating to the Index.

Portfolio Turnover Risk. High portfolio turnover (higher than 100%) may result in increased transaction costs to the Fund, including brokerage commissions, dealer markups and other transaction costs on the sale of the securities and on reinvestment in other securities, as well as possible increased taxable distributions.

Premium/Discount Risk. Shares trade on the Exchange at market prices rather than their NAV. The market price of Shares generally corresponds to movements in the Fund's NAV as well as the relative supply and demand for Shares on the Exchange. The market price may be at, above (a premium) or below (a discount) the Fund's NAV. Differences in market prices of Shares and the NAV per Share may be due, in large part, to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for Shares will be closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the Fund's holdings trading individually or in the aggregate at any point in time. These differences can be especially pronounced during times of market volatility or stress. During these periods, the demand for Shares may decrease considerably and cause the market price of Shares to deviate, and in some cases deviate significantly, from the Fund's NAV and the bid/ask spread on Shares may widen.

Security Issuer Risk. Issuer-specific attributes may cause a security held by the Fund to be more volatile than the market generally. The value of an individual security or particular type of security may be more volatile than the market as a whole and may perform differently from the value of the market as a whole.

Small- and Mid-Capitalization Company Risk. Generally, small- or mid- capitalization companies, which are often less seasoned, have more potential for rapid growth. However, they often involve greater risk than large cap companies and these risks are passed on to funds that invest in them. These companies may not have the management experience, financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths of larger companies.

Tracking Error Risk. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and incurs costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's securities holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the performance of the Fund and the Index may vary due to asset valuation differences and differences between the Fund's portfolio and the Index resulting from legal restrictions, cost or liquidity constraints.

Trading Issues Risk. Although Shares are listed for trading on the Exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for Shares will develop or be maintained. Shares trade on the Exchange at market prices that may be below, at or above the Fund's NAV. Trading in Shares on the Exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on the Exchange "circuit breaker" rules. Market makers are under no obligation to make a market in the Shares, and APs are not obligated to submit purchase or redemption orders for Creation Units. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the Fund will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

Variable Interest Entity Risk. The Fund may invest in non-Chinese holding companies that have created structures known as variable interest entities ("VIEs"). VIEs allow exposure to certain Chinese companies that are unavailable for direct investment by foreign investors. In many sectors in China, companies are not allowed to have foreign ownership and cannot directly list on exchanges outside of China. Many Chinese companies have created VIE structures to enable indirect foreign ownership and raise capital from foreign investors. Under a VIE structure, a Chinese operating company establishes an offshore holding company in another jurisdiction, such as the Cayman Islands, which enters into contractual agreements with the Chinese issuer or operating company to obtain economic exposure to the Chinese company. The non-Chinese holding company then issues shares on an exchange outside of mainland China allowing investors to obtain economic exposure to the Chinese issuer or operating through contractual means rather than through formal equity ownership. Neither the holding company nor the shareholder of the VIE owns an equity interest in the Chinese operating company. However, for accounting purposes the holding company is able to consolidate the operating company into its financial statements. Neither the holding company nor the shareholder of the holding company has any voting rights or other types of control that an equity holder typically has.

VIEs have never formally been recognized under Chinese laws, though VIEs are well known to officials and regulators in China and are a longstanding industry practice. Intervention by the Chinese government with respect to VIEs could significantly and negatively affect the Chinese company's performance and the enforceability of the VIE's contractual arrangements with the Chinese company that are the basis for the economic exposure to the Chinese company. Any action by the Chinese government could considerably impact the financial condition of the VIE by limiting its ability to consolidate the financial results of the Chinese operating company into its own financial statements, as well as make the value of the shares of the VIE effectively worthless. Further, if Chinese officials determine that VIEs violate Chinese investment laws, the market value of the VIE would likely suffer significant, and possibly permanent effects, which could negatively impact the Fund's net asset value and could result in substantial losses.

VIEs are also subject to the investment risks associated with the underlying Chinese issuer or operating company. Chinese companies are not subject to the same degree of regulatory requirements or accounting standards and oversight as companies in more developed countries. There also may be significant obstacles to obtaining information necessary for investigations into or litigation against Chinese companies and VIEs, and shareholders may have limited legal remedies. U.S.-listed VIEs may be delisted if they do not meet U.S. accounting standards and auditor oversight requirements.

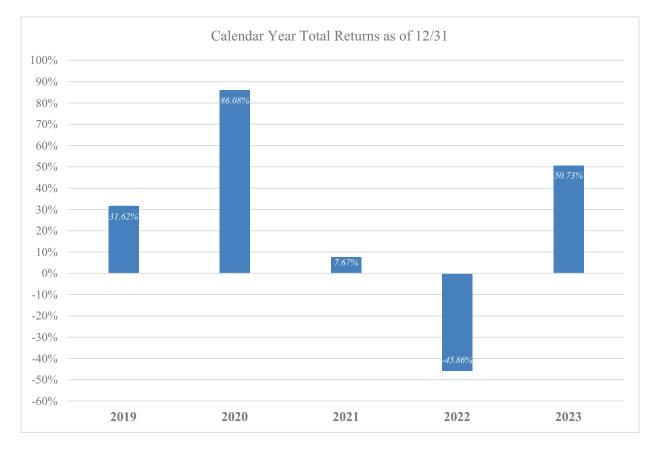
Delisting would significantly decrease the liquidity and value of the securities, decrease the ability of the Fund to invest in such securities and may increase the costs borne by the Fund if required to seek alternative markets in which to invest in such securities.

Volatility Risk. The value of a security may fluctuate due to factors affecting markets generally or particular industries. This volatility may affect the Fund's NAV. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may be subject to price volatility and their prices may be more or less volatile than the market as a whole. Events or financial circumstances affecting individual securities or sectors may increase the volatility of the Fund. Additionally, certain positions in the Fund may be susceptible to traders engaging in trading strategies that result in temporary swings and price movements. Such trading strategies could result in volatile trading prices of the Fund's securities, and could adversely affect the Fund.

The Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and a broad-based market index. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.innovatoretfs.com.



The Fund's highest quarterly return was 43.85% (quarter ended December 31, 2020) and the Fund's lowest quarterly return was (35.02)% (quarter ended June 30, 2022).

Average Annual Total Return as of December 31, 2023				
Innovator Deepwater Frontier Tech ETF	1 Year	5 Years	Since Inception (7/24/18)	
Return Before Taxes	50.73%	16.56%	10.85%	
Return After Taxes on Distributions	50.73%	16.56%	10.85%	
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	30.03%	13.43%	8.67%	
Deepwater Frontier Tech Index (reflects no deduction for fees,				
expenses or taxes)	51.86%	17.42%	11.54%	
Dow Jones Global Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or				
taxes)	21.94%	11.64%	8.14%	
Nasdaq 100 Total Return (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or				
taxes)	55.13%	22.66%	17.34%	

The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser

Innovator Capital Management, LLC ("Innovator" or the "Adviser")

Investment Sub-Adviser

Penserra Capital Management LLC

Portfolio Managers

The following persons serve as the portfolio managers of the Fund.

- Dustin Lewellyn, CFA Chief Investment Officer at Penserra
- Ernesto Tong, CFA Managing Director at Penserra
- Anand Desai Director at Penserra

The portfolio managers are primarily and jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund and have served in such capacity since July 2018.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund will issue and redeem Shares at NAV only with authorized participants that have entered into agreements with the Fund's distributor and only in Creation Units or multiples thereof (*"Creation Unit Aggregations"*), in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a basket of securities in which the Fund invests. The Fund may issue and redeem Shares in exchange for cash at a later date but has no current intention of doing so. Except when aggregated in Creation Units, the Shares are not redeemable securities of the Fund.

Individual Shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market (*i.e.*, on a national securities exchange) through a broker or dealer at a market price. Because the Shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (at a premium), at NAV, or less than NAV (at a discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase Shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for Shares (ask) when buying or selling shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread").

Recent information, including information on the Fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spreads, is available online at www.innovatoretfs.com.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions will generally be taxable as ordinary income, returns of capital or capital gains. A sale of Shares may result in capital gain or loss.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase Shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), Innovator and Foreside Fund Services, LLC, the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.