INNOVATOR ETFs® TRUST (the "TRUST")

Supplement to the Prospectus, Summary Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") for each series listed in Appendix A (each a "Fund" and collectively, the "Funds")

DATED JULY 18, 2025

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in each Fund's prospectus, summary prospectus and statement of additional information, in addition to Robert T. Cummings, the following individuals have been added as portfolio managers of each Fund: Jeff Greco, Rebekah Lipp and Maria Schiopu. The portfolio managers are primarily and jointly responsible for the management of each Fund. Additional information regarding each new portfolio manager is below.

Jeff Greco — Senior Director — Head of Strategy Research at Milliman. Mr. Greco has held this role since 2012, wherein he implements managed risk strategies on market portfolios and researches hedging methodologies, volatility and return distributions. Mr. Greco has 30 years of quantitative finance experience, previously working at Citadel LLC, Deutsche Bank and Bank of America. Mr. Greco has also been an adjunct professor for more than 20 years, currently for Carnegie Mellon University's Master of Science in Computational Finance (MSCF) Program and previously for the University of Chicago's Financial Mathematics graduate program. Mr. Greco holds a GARP Certified Financial Risk Manager (FRM) designation.

Rebekah Lipp — ETF Portfolio Manager at Milliman. Ms. Lipp has held this role since 2021 and has more than 13 years of experience in exchange traded funds. Prior to joining Milliman, Rebekah managed passive index-based ETFs at Invesco as a portfolio management analyst executing the daily and quarterly requirements for the funds. Rebekah's current primary focus is managing Defined Outcome ETFs, where she acts as both portfolio manager and trader.

Maria Schiopu — Principal and Managing Director – Fund Services at Milliman. Ms. Schiopu has held this role since 2013 and oversees the Fund Services business line at Milliman. Ms. Schiopu has extensive experience in portfolio management and investment strategies, including a deep expertise in quantitative derivatives overlays. Previously, Ms. Schiopu led model validation, systems design and ETF research efforts at Milliman. Ms. Schiopu is a CFA Charterholder (CFA), an Associate of the Society of Actuaries (ASA), and a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA).

Additionally, the "Other Accounts" table contained in the "Investment Adviser and Other Service Providers" section in each Fund's SAI is revised to reflect the below information regarding the managed the investment vehicles with the number of accounts and assets of each portfolio manager of the Funds as of May 31, 2025.

	Registered Investment	Other Pooled Investment	
	Companies	Vehicles	Other Accounts
	# of Accounts (\$ Assets)	# of Accounts (\$ Assets)	# of Accounts (\$ Assets)
Jeff Greco	21 (\$25.9 billion)	0 (\$0)	0 (\$0)
Rebekah Lipp	1 (\$5.0 million)	0 (\$0)	0 (\$0)
Maria Schiopu	43 (\$28.1 billion)	0 (\$0)	0 (\$0)

As of May 31, 2025, none of the portfolio managers owned any shares of the Funds. Additionally, each portfolio manager is paid a competitive salary by Milliman, and may receive bonuses based on qualitative considerations, such as an individual's contribution to the organization and performance reviews in relation to job responsibilities.

PLEASE KEEP THIS SUPPLEMENT WITH YOUR PROSPECTUS, SUMMARY PROSPECTUS AND STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

APPENDIX A

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Innovator Premium Income 20 Barrier ETF® – October

Innovator Premium Income 30 Barrier ETF® – January

Innovator Premium Income 30 Barrier ETF® – April

Innovator Premium Income 30 Barrier ETF® – July

Innovator Premium Income 30 Barrier ETF® – October

Innovator Premium Income 40 Barrier ETF® – October

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Innovator Premium Income 9 Buffer ETF<sup>TM</sup> – October
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Innovator Premium Income 15 Buffer ETFTM – January

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Innovator Premium Income 15 Buffer ETF™ – July

Innovator Premium Income 15 Buffer ETFTM – October

Innovator Defined Wealth Shield ETF

Innovator U.S. Equity 5 to 15 Buffer ETFTM – Ouarterly

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Innovator Nasdaq-100[®] 10 Buffer ETFTM – Quarterly

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Innovator Emerging Markets 10 Buffer ETFTM – Quarterly

Innovator Growth Accelerated ETF^{\circledR} – Quarterly

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Innovator 20+ Year Treasury Bond 5 Floor ETF® – Quarterly

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Innovator Growth Accelerated Plus ETF® – October

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Innovator Power Buffer Step Up Strategy ETF[®]
Innovator Hedged Nasdaq-100[®] ETF
Innovator Uncapped Bitcoin 20 Floor ETF[®] – Quarterly
Innovator Equity Premium Income – Daily PutWrite ETF
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INNOVATOR ETFs[®] Trust (the "Trust")

Supplement to the Prospectus, Summary Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") for each series listed in Appendix A (each a "FUND")

DATED APRIL 3, 2025

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the prospectus, summary prospectus and statement of additional information for each Fund, Jordan Rosenfeld will no longer serve as a portfolio manager for each Fund. Accordingly, any references to Jordan Rosenfeld in each Fund's prospectus, summary prospectus and statement of additional information are deleted in their entirety.

PLEASE KEEP THIS SUPPLEMENT WITH YOUR PROSPECTUS, SUMMARY PROSPECTUS AND STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

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Innovator Premium Income 9 Buffer ETF^{TM} - July
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Innovator Premium Income 9 Buffer ETFTM – October

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Innovator Defined Wealth Shield ETF

Innovator U.S. Equity 5 to 15 Buffer ETFTM – Quarterly

Innovator U.S. Equity 10 Buffer ETF[™] – Quarterly

Innovator Nasdaq-100[®] 10 Buffer ETFTM – Quarterly

Innovator U.S. Small Cap 10 Buffer ETFTM – Quarterly

Innovator International Developed 10 Buffer ETF™ – Quarterly

Innovator Emerging Markets 10 Buffer ETFTM – Quarterly

Innovator Growth Accelerated ETF® – Quarterly

Innovator U.S. Equity Accelerated ETF® – Quarterly

Innovator 20+ Year Treasury Bond 5 Floor ETF® – Quarterly

Innovator 20+ Year Treasury Bond 9 Buffer ETFTM – July

Innovator Equity Defined Protection ETF™ – 2 Yr to July 2025

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Innovator Equity Defined Protection ETFTM – 6 Mo Jan/Jul

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Innovator Growth Accelerated Plus ETF® – January

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Innovator Buffer Step Up Strategy ETFTM

Innovator Power Buffer Step Up Strategy ETF™

Innovator Hedged Nasdaq-100[®] ETF

Innovator Uncapped Bitcoin 20 Floor ETF®

Innovator Equity Premium Income – Daily PutWrite ETF

Prospectus

Innovator Uncapped Accelerated U.S. Equity ETFTM

(Cboe BZX — XUSP)



March 5, 2025

Innovator Uncapped Accelerated U.S. Equity ETFTM (the "Fund") is a series of Innovator ETFs® Trust (the "Trust") and an exchange-traded fund ("ETF"). The Fund lists and principally trades its shares on Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. ("Cboe BZX" or the "Exchange"). Market prices may differ to some degree from the net asset value of shares of the Fund ("Shares"). Unlike mutual funds, the Fund issues and redeems Shares at net asset value only in large blocks of Shares called "creation units." The Fund is a series of the Trust and is an actively managed exchange-traded fund organized as a separate series of a registered management investment company.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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INNOVATOR UNCAPPED ACCELERATED U.S. EQUITY ETFTM

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund seeks to provide investors, prior to taking into account management fees and other fees, with the potential for rates of return that outperform the price return of the SPDR® S&P 500® ETF Trust after achieving performance thresholds.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares ("Shares"). You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.79%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.00%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.79%

EXAMPLE

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then sell all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain at current levels. This example does not include the brokerage commissions that investors may pay to buy and sell Shares.

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Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, your costs, based on these assumptions, would be:	\$81	\$252	\$439	\$978

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it purchases and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover will cause the Fund to incur additional transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the example, may affect the Fund's performance. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2024, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

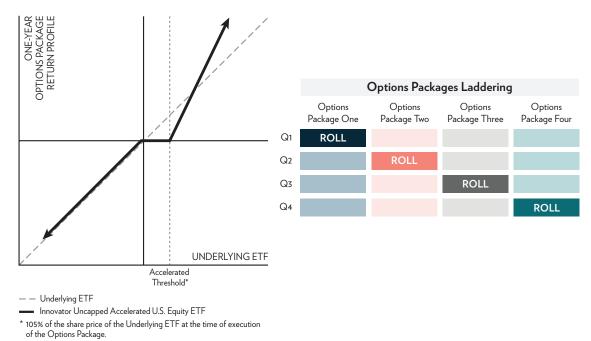
The Fund is an actively managed exchange-traded fund ("ETF") that invests in option contracts designed to provide returns, at the expiration of the Fund's option contracts, that are at a rate that is greater than the price return increases, if any, of the SPDR® S&P 500® ETF Trust (the "Underlying ETF") following the point in which the Underlying ETF exceeds performance threshold levels established by the Fund. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing substantially all of its assets in a series of four, one-year FLexible EXchange® Options ("FLEX Options") packages with "laddered" expiration dates that reference the Underlying ETF (each, an "Options Package" and collectively, the "Options Packages"). "Laddering" is an investment technique that utilizes multiple options positions over multiple expiration dates.

Each of the Fund's Options Packages will seek to provide the following returns for the Fund:

- in the event the Underlying ETF's share price decreases in value at the conclusion of the term of the Options Package, such Options Package seeks to provide investment returns that participate in Underlying ETF losses on a one-to-one basis;
- in the event the Underlying ETF's share price increases in value at the conclusion of the term of the Options Package, but at a level below 105% of the share price of the Underlying ETF at the time the FLEX Options were originally entered into (the "Accelerated Threshold") at the conclusion of the one-year Options Package term, the Options Package will not participate in any of the gains experienced by the price return of the Underlying ETF. The Fund will only experience gains with respect to an Options Package if the Underlying ETF's price return increases above the Accelerated Threshold at the end of the term of an Options Package. If an Options Package has not increased to a level above the Accelerated Threshold at the end of its one-year term, the Fund will not experience any increase in value with respect to such Options Package, even if the share price of the Underlying ETF surpassed Accelerated Threshold at a point during such term before returning to a level below the Accelerated Threshold;
- in the event the Underlying ETF's share price increases in value at the conclusion of the term of the Options Package to a level above the Accelerated Threshold, the Options Package seeks to provide investment returns that commence at the Accelerated Threshold and increase at a rate that is greater than the price return increases of the Underlying ETF (hereinafter, the "Accelerated Return Rate"). The Fund does not seek to provide a stated Accelerated Return Rate multiple (i.e., two-times the price return of the Underlying ETF). While the Accelerated Threshold level (105%) is expected to remain constant for each Options Package, the Accelerated Return Rate produced by a single Options Package is calculated at the commencement of each one-year term for such Options Package and will vary for each Options Package and depend upon market conditions (including, but not limited to, volatility), at the time of the execution of the Options Package. The Accelerated Return Rate is provided prior to taking into account management fees and other fees.

The below hypothetical illustration is provided to illustrate the potential return profiles that a single Options Package is designed to produce at the conclusion of the one-year period for such Options Package. The hypothetical return profiles of an Options Package represented

below are not guaranteed. Please note that, to the extent an investor purchases Shares after an Options Package has been entered into or sells before the end of an Options Package, such investor's returns relating to the Options Package are likely to deviate from the below illustration. In addition, because an Options Package will not participate in Underlying ETF gains until the point at which Underlying ETF meets the Acceleration Threshold, the one-year returns of an Options Package may be less than the cumulative price returns experienced by the Underlying ETF even if the Underlying ETF has appreciated beyond the Accelerated Threshold. The hypothetical illustration below shows return profiles prior to taking into account management fees and other fees, the effect of which would lower the return profiles experienced by an investor.



The Fund will implement a laddered approach of investing designed to help offset the timing risks inherent in the purchase of FLEX Options that reference the Underlying ETF with a single reset date, as detailed above (see "Options Package Laddering"). The Fund intends to utilize laddered Options Package to create more opportunities for the Fund to hold an Options Package that is experiencing an Accelerated Return Rate and to avoid the risk of reinvesting a large portion of assets in an unfavorable market environment. This laddered approach of investing in a one-year Options Package every three months will result in Fund investment performance that is very different than a fund investing in a single Options Package.

The Fund's net asset value ("NAV") is dependent on the value of its FLEX Options, which is based principally upon the price of the Underlying ETF and the time remaining until the expiration date of the FLEX Options. As the price of the Underlying ETF changes and time moves towards the expiration date of the Options Package, the value of the FLEX Options, and therefore the Fund's NAV, will change. However, there is no guarantee that the Fund's NAV will move in the same direction as the price movements of the Underlying ETF, and it is not expected for the Fund's NAV to directly correlate on a day-to-day basis with the returns experienced by the Underlying ETF. In addition, prior to the expiration date of an Options Package, it is

unlikely that the Fund's NAV will increase at any Accelerated Return Rate. Accordingly, the time at which an investor buys and sells their Shares will impact the return such investor will experience. If an investor purchases Shares after the FLEX Options for an Options Package were entered into or does not stay invested in the Fund for the entire duration of an Options Package, an investor may not participate in the Fund's Accelerated Return Rate relating to such Options Package, if any.

The Fund's investment adviser is Innovator Capital Management, LLC ("Innovator" or the "Adviser") and the Fund's investment sub-adviser is Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC ("Milliman" or the "Sub-Adviser"). The Fund has adopted a policy pursuant to Rule 35d-1 under the 1940 Act to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in investments that provide exposure to the Underlying ETF. For purposes of this policy, the Fund will value the FLEX Options at mark-to-market. The Fund does not seek to provide investment outcomes on a daily or other short-term basis, which is an attribute of other types of exchange-traded funds that provide a daily, multiple exposure to a reference index (i.e., a "daily leveraged ETF"). In contrast, the Fund only seeks to provide investment returns that will increase at a greater rate of change than the Underlying ETF, after an initial level of no participation. There is no guarantee the Fund will be successful in implementing its investment strategy.

Uncapped Accelerated Return Rate Opportunity

The Fund seeks investment returns that have the potential for a higher rate of return than the Underlying ETF price performance return rate during periods in which the Underlying ETF achieves sustained positive performance. Each Options Package is designed to provide, at the expiration of the one-year term of the Options Package, an Accelerated Return Rate that is based upon the performance of the Underlying ETF's share price (or its "price return") after the point at which the Underlying ETF exceeds the Accelerated Threshold. The Accelerated Return Rate sought by the Fund is contingent on the Underlying ETF achieving a performance threshold level at the conclusion of the term of an Options Package. There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve this sought-after Accelerated Return Rate for the Options Packages. The Fund will not receive or benefit from any dividend payments made by the Underlying ETF.

The Underlying ETF is an exchange-traded unit investment trust that uses a full replication strategy, meaning it invests entirely in the S&P 500® Index. The S&P 500® Index includes five hundred (500) selected companies, all of which are listed on national stock exchanges and spans over 24 separate industry groups and is rebalanced quarterly and reconstituted annually. The S&P 500® Index includes companies considered to have large market capitalization. Through its investments in FLEX Options that reference the Underlying ETF, the Fund will have significant exposure to companies in the information technology sector.

Because of the construction of each Options Package, an Options Package will not participate in the initial 5% of the gains of the share price of the Underlying ETF (measured from when the FLEX Options were entered into) and will achieve gains only to the extent the Underlying ETF price return surpasses the Accelerated Threshold, measured at the conclusion of the term for such Options Package. If an Options Package has not increased to a level above the Accelerated Threshold at the end of its one-year term, the Fund will not experience any increase in value with respect to such Options Package, even if the share price of the Underlying ETF

surpassed Accelerated Threshold at a point during such term. The Fund will only experience gains with respect to an Options Package if the Underlying ETF price return increases above the Accelerated Threshold at the end of the term of an Options Package.

If an Options Package has experienced any Accelerated Return Rate, the Options Package may be subject to the possibility of losses that exceed any losses of the Underlying ETF for the remainder of the one-year term of the Options Package. At the point in time in which the Underlying ETF were to experience an increase beyond the Accelerated Threshold, the Options Package is subject to a rate of return that is greater than the rate of increase experienced by the Underlying ETF. If before the expiration of the Options Package the Underlying ETF subsequently experienced a decrease in value, the value of the Options Package would similarly be expected to decrease at a rate that is greater than the losses experienced by the Underlying ETF.

The returns with respect to an Options Package may be lower than the price return of the Underlying ETF or an investment in a fund that does not utilize an Accelerated Threshold or Accelerated Return Rate. This is because the Fund will forgo any positive returns with respect to an Options Package unless the Accelerated Threshold is surpassed at the expiration of the Options Package. In this regard, the price return of the Underlying ETF may need to materially exceed the Accelerated Threshold before the Options Package recoups these forgone returns with an Accelerated Return Rate. The returns that an investor receives with respect to an Options Package may therefore be less than the price return of the Underlying ETF even if the Accelerated Threshold is exceeded at the expiration of the Options Package.

Due to the Fund simultaneously investing in four separate Options Packages with differing expiration dates, at any given time the Fund's overall performance will differ from that of each individual Options Package. It is possible that while one Options Package is delivering an Accelerated Return Rate (because the price of the Underlying ETF has risen above the Accelerated Threshold) the others may remain either within its Accelerated Threshold or may even be delivering negative returns. Additionally, depending on when an investor purchases Shares of the Fund, certain of the Options Packages may be within the Accelerated Threshold or may be above the Accelerated Threshold. Subsequent price movements of the Underlying ETF could cause the investment returns for such investor that may be different than the Fund's investment strategy.

Options Packages

An option contract gives the purchaser of the option, in exchange for the premium paid, the right to purchase (for a call option) or sell (for a put option) the underlying asset at a specified price (the "strike price") on a specified date (the "expiration date"). The Fund utilizes FLEX Options to pursue its investment objective. FLEX Options are customizable exchange-traded option contracts guaranteed for settlement by the Options Clearing Corporation (the "OCC"). The OCC guarantees performance by each of the counterparties to the FLEX Options, becoming the "buyer for every seller and the seller for every buyer," protecting clearing members and options traders from counterparty risk.

The Options Packages will consist of purchased and sold call option contracts and have staggered expiration dates that are three months apart. Each Options Package will consist of multiple purchased call options with specified strike prices as well as a sold call option, the premium for which will

help fund the Fund's purchased call options. After the expiration date of an Options Package, the Fund will enter into new FLEX Options contracts with an expiration date of one year. The composition of the Options Package is dependent on market conditions at this time, including, but not limited to, volatility. **The Options Packages are designed to produce investment outcomes at the expiration of the FLEX Options contracts only and not for any different period of time.** Each Options Package will be comprised of the following:

- an "in-the-money" (*i.e.*, the strike price is less than the current price of the reference asset) purchased call FLEX Option contract that provides exposure to the price return of the Underlying ETF. This in-the-money call FLEX Option seeks to provide investment returns that match the performance of the share price of the Underlying ETF;
- an "at-the-money" (*i.e.*, the strike price is at the current price of the reference asset) sold call FLEX Option contract, which helps pay the premium of the Options Package's purchased call FLEX Options. The sold call option will effectively decrease the potential Accelerated Return Rate to the extent the Underlying ETF share price appreciates in value above the Accelerated Threshold by the FLEX Options expiration date;
- at least one "out-of-the-money" (*i.e.*, the strike price is above the current price of the reference asset) purchased call FLEX Option contract that provides exposure to the price return of the Underlying ETF beyond the strike price. The number of additional purchased out-of-the-money call FLEX Options and the strike prices available creates the Accelerated Return Rate opportunity above the Accelerated Threshold and will be dependent on market conditions at the time of purchase. The more purchased out-of-the-money call FLEX Options the Fund is able to purchase, the higher the Fund's rate of return above the Underlying ETF after the Accelerated Threshold.

The Fund's NAV is dependent on the value of the FLEX Options, which is based principally upon the price of the Underlying ETF and the time remaining until the expiration date of the FLEX Options. As the price of the Underlying ETF changes and time moves towards the expiration date of the Options Package, the value of the FLEX Options, and therefore the Fund's NAV, will change. The Sub-Adviser anticipates the value of an Options Package (and therefore, the Fund's NAV) will move in the same direction as the price movements of the Underlying ETF. However, there is no guarantee that the Fund's NAV will move in the same direction as the price movements of the Underlying ETF, and it is not expected for the Fund's NAV to directly correlate on a day-to-day basis with the returns experienced by the Underlying ETF. A component of an option's value is the number of days remaining until its expiration date. The amount of time remaining until the FLEX Option contract's expiration date affects the impact of the Accelerated Return Rate on the Fund's NAV, which may not be in full effect until the expiration date of the Fund's options contracts. Therefore, while changes in the price of the Underlying ETF will result in changes to the Fund's NAV, the Sub-Adviser generally anticipates that the rate of change in the Fund's NAV will be less than that experienced by the Underlying ETF and, if in effect, the Accelerated Return Rate, until the expiration date of the options contracts. In order for the Fund to provide an Accelerated Return Rate for a given Options Package period, the Underlying ETF must increase in value above the Accelerated Threshold at the conclusion of the one-year expiration date of such Options Package. If the Underlying ETF increases above the Accelerated

Threshold during the one-year period but fails to remain above the Accelerated Threshold at the conclusion of the term, the Options Package will not deliver, and therefore the Fund will not experience, in any positive returns with respect to that Options Package.

Options Package Laddering

The Fund will seek to "ladder" the Fund's Options Packages. "Laddering" is an investment technique that utilizes multiple option contract positions and multiple expiration dates, to avoid the risk of reinvesting a large portion of assets in an unfavorable market environment. The laddered approach of investing in a one-year Options Package every three months is designed to help offset the timing risks inherent in the purchase of FLEX Options that reference the Underlying ETF with a single reset date.

There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in implementing its investment strategy to provide the Accelerated Return Rate during market conditions where the Underlying ETF is increasing in value above the Accelerated Threshold. Because the Fund ladders its Options Packages in three-month increments, the Fund's returns are likely to be different than the returns the Fund would produce if a single Options Package were used. The Fund uses four Options Packages with laddered expiration dates, different strike prices and differing initial values of the Underlying ETF, and therefore price movements of the Underlying ETF are likely to result in price movements of differing magnitude for each Options Package held by the Fund. This means that each Options Package may experience different Accelerated Returns Rate potential after the Accelerated Threshold, and some Options Packages may not yet experience Accelerated Return Rates while others do.

Every three months, one Options Package concludes its one-year reset period, and subsequently "rolls" into another one-year reset period, refreshing its Accelerated Threshold and Accelerated Return Rate for another twelve months. This process repeats every three months, with the Fund participating in a rolling set of Accelerated Return Rate opportunities. In order for the Options Packages to create the "laddered" approach, the initial reset period for the four Options Packages will be for three months, six months, nine months and one-year, respectively. After the initial reset period for each Options Package concludes, each Options Package will reset to a one-year period that are staggered every three months.

To the extent the Underlying ETF is considered to be concentrated (*i.e.*, holds 25% or more of its total assets) in the securities of a particular industry or group of industries, the Fund will concentrate to approximately the same extent. As of the date of this prospectus, through its investment in FLEX Options that reference the Underlying ETF, the Fund has significant exposure to the information technology sector.

The Fund is classified as a "non-diversified company" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objectives will be

achieved. Each risk noted below is considered a principal risk of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears. The significance of each risk factor below may change over time and you should review each risk factor carefully.

Accelerated Return Rate Risk. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in implementing its investment strategy to provide the Accelerated Return Rate during market conditions where the Underlying ETF is increasing in value. Additionally, if an Options Package held by the Fund does not increase in value above the Accelerated Threshold, the Options Package will not provide the Fund, and therefore its investors, with positive returns. In the event an investor purchases Shares after the FLEX Options were entered into or does not stay invested in the Fund for the entirety of the duration of an Options Package, an investor may not participate in some of the Fund's sought-after Accelerated Return Rate. Further, because the Fund ladders its Options Packages, the Fund's returns are likely to be different than the returns the Fund would produce if a single Options Package were used. The Accelerated Return Rate may only be realized if the Underlying ETF increases in value above the Accelerated Threshold at the conclusion of an Option Package's one-year expiration term. If the Underlying ETF increases above the Accelerated Threshold during the one-year period but fails to remain above the Accelerated Threshold at the conclusion of such term, the Options Package will not deliver, and therefore the Fund will not experience, in any positive returns with respect to that Options Package. Because the positive returns with respect to an Option Package does not commence until the Accelerated Threshold is achieved, the Accelerated Return Rate that an investor may receive above the Accelerated Threshold with respect to an Options Package may be less than an investment in a fund that does not have an Accelerated Threshold or Accelerated Return Rate. If an investor purchases Shares after the FLEX Options were entered into and the Fund has risen in value to a level above the Accelerated Threshold, such investor may experience more losses than the Underlying ETF experiences.

The Fund does not seek to provide investment outcomes on a daily or other short-term basis, which is an attribute of other types of exchange-traded funds that provide a daily, multiple exposure to a reference index (*i.e.*, a "daily leveraged ETF"). In contrast, the Fund only seeks to provide investment returns that will increase at a greater rate of change than the Underlying ETF, after an initial level of no participation. The value of the FLEX Options held by the Fund is ultimately derived from the performance of the Underlying ETF's share price. However, it is very unlikely that on any given day during which the Underlying ETF share price increases in value, the Fund's share price will increase at the same rate as the Underlying ETF, since the sought-after Accelerated Return Rate is designed to be delivered on the expiration of each Options Package.

If the Underlying ETF's share price increases in value above the Accelerated Threshold over the duration of the Option Package, the Fund seeks to provide for an increase in value at a higher rate than the share price increase experienced by the Underlying ETF. Likewise, there are situations during the Option Package in which the Fund may decrease in value at a higher rate than an associated decrease in the Underlying ETF. If an Options Package has experienced any Accelerated Return Rate, the Options Package may be subject to the possibility of losses that exceed the losses of the Underlying ETF for the remainder of its one-year term of the Options Package.

Upside Participation Risk. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in its strategy to provide shareholders the sought-after Accelerated Return Rate. The Fund will likely realize different returns than the price return of the Underlying ETF and may underperform

the Underlying ETF. The Accelerated Return Rate provided by a particular Options Package, and therefore the Fund, is dependent upon market conditions, such as volatility, at the time of execution of the Options Package. Therefore, the Accelerated Return Rate provided will vary between specific Options Packages. When a particular Options Package is rolled, there is no guarantee that as favorable of market conditions will exist as originally executed and the Accelerated Return Rate provided by such Options Package may change for the subsequent year, though such Accelerated Return Rate remains constant once the Options Package is executed. Further, an Options Package will underperform the returns of the Underlying ETF to the extent that the Accelerated Threshold is not exceeded. If an Options Package has not increased to a level above the Accelerated Threshold at the end of its term, the Fund will not experience any increase in value with respect to such Options Package, even if the share price of the Underlying ETF surpassed the Accelerated Threshold at a point during such term. Additionally, an Options Package may underperform the price return of the Underlying ETF even if the Accelerated Threshold has been surpassed at the expiration of the Options Package because the Fund will forgo any positive returns with respect to an Options Package until the Accelerated Threshold is surpassed. In this regard, the price return of the Underlying ETF may need to materially exceed the Accelerated Threshold before an Options Package recoups these foregone returns by virtue of the Accelerated Return Rate. An investors returns with respect to an Options Package may therefore be less than the price return of the Underlying ETF even if the Accelerated Threshold is exceeded at the expiration of the Options Package.

FLEX Options Risk. The Fund will utilize FLEX Options issued and guaranteed for settlement by the OCC. The Fund bears the risk that the OCC will be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the FLEX Options contracts. In the unlikely event that the OCC becomes insolvent or is otherwise unable to meet its settlement obligations, the Fund could suffer significant losses. Additionally, FLEX Options may be less liquid than certain other securities such as standardized options. In less liquid markets for the FLEX Options, the Fund may have difficulty closing out certain FLEX Options positions at desired times and prices. In connection with the creation and redemption of Shares, to the extent market participants are not willing or able to enter into FLEX Option transactions with the Fund at prices that reflect the market price of the Shares, the Fund's NAV and, in turn the share price of the Fund, could be negatively impacted.

The Fund may experience substantial downside from specific FLEX Option positions and certain FLEX Option positions may expire worthless. The FLEX Options held by the Fund are exercisable at the strike price on their expiration date. As a FLEX Option approaches its expiration date, its value typically increasingly moves with the value of the Underlying ETF. However, prior to such date, the value of the FLEX Options does not increase or decrease at the same rate as the Underlying ETF's share price on a day-to-day basis (although they generally move in the same direction). The value of the FLEX Options held by the Fund will be determined based on market quotations or other recognized pricing methods. The value of the underlying FLEX Options will be affected by, among others, changes in the Underlying ETF's share price, changes in interest rates, changes in the actual and implied volatility of the Underlying ETF and the remaining time to until the FLEX Options expire.

Option Contracts Risk. The use of option contracts involves investment strategies and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. The prices of option contracts are volatile and are influenced by, among other things, actual and anticipated changes in

the value of the underlying instrument, changes in interest or currency exchange rates, including the anticipated volatility, which are affected by fiscal and monetary policies and by national and international political, changes in the actual or implied volatility or the reference asset, the time remaining until the expiration of the option contract and economic events. There may at times be an imperfect correlation between the movement in values option contracts and the reference asset, and there may at times not be a liquid secondary market for certain option contracts. The Fund has taken the necessary steps to comply with the requirements of Rule 18f-4 under the 1940 Act ("Rule 18f-4") in its usage of FLEX Options. The Fund has adopted and implements a derivatives risk management program that contains policies and procedures reasonably designed to manage the Fund's derivatives risks, has appointed a derivatives risk manager who is responsible for administrating the derivatives risk management program, complies with outer limitations on risks relating to its derivatives transactions and carries out enhanced reporting to the Board, the SEC and the public regarding its derivatives activities. To the extent the Fund is noncompliant with Rule 18f-4, the Fund may be required to adjust its investment portfolio which may, in turn, negatively impact the Fund's ability to deliver the sought-after Outcomes.

Clearing Member Default Risk. Transactions in some types of derivatives, including FLEX Options, are required to be centrally cleared ("cleared derivatives"). In a transaction involving cleared derivatives, the Fund's counterparty is a clearing house, such as the OCC, rather than a bank or broker. Since the Fund is not a member of clearing houses and only members of a clearing house ("clearing members") can participate directly in the clearing house, the Fund will hold cleared derivatives through accounts at clearing members. In cleared derivatives positions, the Fund will make payments (including margin payments) to, and receive payments from, a clearing house through their accounts at clearing members. Customer funds held at a clearing organization in connection with any option contracts are held in a commingled omnibus account and are not identified to the name of the clearing member's individual customers. As a result, assets deposited by the Fund with any clearing member as margin for its FLEX Options may, in certain circumstances, be used to satisfy losses of other clients of the Fund's clearing member. In addition, although clearing members guarantee performance of their clients' obligations to the clearing house, there is a risk that the assets of the Fund might not be fully protected in the event of the clearing member's bankruptcy. The Fund is also subject to the risk that a limited number of clearing members are willing to transact on the Fund's behalf, which heightens the risks associated with a clearing member's default. If a clearing member defaults the Fund could lose some or all of the benefits of a transaction entered into by the Fund with the clearing member. The loss of a clearing member for the Fund to transact with could result in increased transaction costs and other issues that could impede the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategy. If the Fund cannot find a clearing member to transact with on the Fund's behalf, the Fund may be unable to effectively implement its investment strategy.

Counterparty Risk. Counterparty risk is the risk an issuer, guarantor or counterparty of a security in the Fund is unable or unwilling to meet its obligation on the security. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty's financial condition, market activities, or for other reasons. The Fund may be unable to recover its investment from the counterparty or may obtain a limited and/or delayed recovery. The OCC acts as guarantor and central counterparty with respect to the FLEX Options. As a result, the ability of the Fund to meet its objective depends on the OCC being able to meet its obligations. In the event an OCC clearing member that is a counterparty of the Fund were to become insolvent, the Fund may have some or all of its FLEX Options closed without its

consent or may experience delays or other difficulties in attempting to close or exercise its affected FLEX Options positions, both of which would impair the Fund's ability to deliver on its investment strategy. The OCC's rules and procedures are designed to facilitate the prompt settlement of options transactions and exercises, including for clearing member insolvencies. However, there is the risk that the OCC and its backup system will fail if clearing member insolvencies are substantial or widespread. In the unlikely event that the OCC becomes insolvent or is otherwise unable to meet its settlement obligations, the Fund could suffer significant losses.

Underlying ETF Risk. The Fund's investment performance largely depends on the investment performance and associated risks of the Underlying ETF. The Underlying ETF is subject to many of the same structural risks as the Fund that are described in more detail herein, such as Authorized Participant Concentration Risk, Fluctuation of Net Asset Value Risk, Market Maker Risk, Market Risk, Operational Risk and Trading Issues Risk. However, the risks of investing in an ETF also include the risks associated with the underlying investments held by the ETF. As such, the Fund may be subject to the following risks as a result of its exposure to the Underlying ETF through its usage of FLEX Options:

Equity Securities Risk. The Underlying ETF invests in equity securities, and therefore the Fund has exposure to the equity securities markets due to its investment in FLEX Options that reference the Underlying ETF. Equity securities may decline in value because of declines in the price of a particular holding or the broad stock market. Such declines may relate directly to the issuer of a security or broader economic or market events, including changes in interest rates. The value of shares will fluctuate with changes in the value of the equity securities the Underlying ETF invests in.

Information Technology Companies Risk. The Underlying ETF invests significantly in information technology companies, which results in the Fund having significant exposure to such companies through its exposure to the Underlying ETF by virtue of its usage of FLEX Options. Information technology companies face intense competition, both domestically and internationally, which may have an adverse effect on profit margins. Like other technology companies, information technology companies may have limited product lines, markets, financial resources or personnel. The products of information technology companies may face obsolescence due to rapid technological developments, frequent new product introduction, unpredictable changes in growth rates and competition for the services of qualified personnel. Companies in the information technology sector are heavily dependent on patent and intellectual property rights. The loss or impairment of these rights may adversely affect the profitability of these companies. Information technology companies are facing increased government and regulatory scrutiny and may be subject to adverse government or regulatory action.

Large Capitalization Companies Risk. The Underlying ETF invests in the securities of large capitalization companies, which results in the Fund having significant exposure to such companies through its exposure to the Underlying ETF by virtue of its usage of FLEX Options. Large capitalization companies may grow at a slower rate and be less able to adapt to changing market conditions than smaller capitalization companies. Thus, the return on investment in securities of large capitalization companies may be less than the return on investment in securities of small and/or mid capitalization companies. The performance of large capitalization companies also tends to trail the overall market during different market cycles.

Correlation Risk. The FLEX Options held by the Fund will be exercisable at the strike price only on their expiration date. As a FLEX Option approaches its expiration date, its value typically will increasingly move with the value of the Underlying ETF. However, prior to the expiration date, the value of the FLEX Options may vary prior to the expiration date because of related factors other than the value of the Underlying ETF. The value of the FLEX Options will be determined based upon market quotations or using other recognized pricing methods. Factors that may influence the value of the FLEX Options include interest rate changes and implied volatility levels of the Underlying ETF, among others. The value of the FLEX Options held by the Fund typically do not increase or decrease at the same level as the Underlying ETF's share price on a day-to-day basis due to these factors (although they generally move in the same direction).

Concentration Risk. Through its usage of FLEX Options, the Fund will concentrate in the securities of a particular industry or group of industries to the same extent as the Underlying ETF. To the extent the Fund has significant exposure in a single asset class or the securities of issuers within the same country, state, region, industry or sector, an adverse economic, business or political development may affect the value of the Fund's investments more than if the Fund were more broadly diversified. A significant exposure makes the Fund more susceptible to any single occurrence and may subject the Fund to greater market risk than a fund that is more broadly diversified.

Cyber Security Risk. As the use of Internet technology has become more prevalent in the course of business, the investment industry has become more susceptible to potential operational risks through breaches in cyber security. A breach in cyber security refers to both intentional and unintentional events that may cause the Fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity. Such events could cause the Fund to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. Cyber security breaches may involve unauthorized access to the Fund's digital information systems through "hacking" or malicious software coding but may also result from outside attacks such as denial-of-service attacks through efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users. In addition, cyber security breaches of the Fund's third-party service providers, such as its administrator, transfer agent, or custodian, can also subject the Fund to many of the same risks associated with direct cyber security breaches. The Fund has established risk management systems designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security. However, there is no guarantee that such efforts will succeed, especially because the Fund does not directly control the cyber security systems of issuers or third-party service providers.

Investment Objective Risk. Certain circumstances under which the Fund might not achieve its objective include, but are not limited, to (i) if the Fund disposes of FLEX Options, (ii) if the Fund is unable to maintain the proportional relationship based on the number of FLEX Options in the Fund's portfolio, (iii) a significant accrual of Fund expenses in connection with effecting the Fund's principal investment strategy or (iv) adverse tax law changes or interpretations affecting the treatment of FLEX Options.

Liquidity Risk. In the event that trading in the underlying FLEX Options is limited or absent, the value of the Fund's FLEX Options may decrease. There is no guarantee that a liquid secondary trading market will exist for the FLEX Options. The trading in FLEX Options may be less deep and liquid than the market for certain other securities, including certain non-customized option

contracts. In a less liquid market for the FLEX Options, terminating the FLEX Options may require the payment of a premium or acceptance of a discounted price and may take longer to complete. Additionally, the liquidation of a large number of FLEX Options may more significantly impact the price in a less liquid market. Further, the Fund requires a sufficient number of participants to facilitate the purchase and sale of options on an exchange to provide liquidity to the Fund for its FLEX Option positions. A less liquid trading market may adversely impact the value of the FLEX Options and the value of your investment.

Management Risk. The Fund is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed portfolio. The Sub-Adviser will apply investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there can be no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective.

Market Risk. The Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. Assets may decline in value due to factors affecting financial markets generally or particular asset classes or industries represented in the markets. The value of FLEX Options or other assets may also decline due to general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or due to factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates will not have the same impact on all types of securities. Securities, including the Shares, are subject to market fluctuations and liquidity constraints that may be caused by such factors as economic, political, or regulatory developments, changes in interest rates, and/ or perceived trends in securities prices. Shares of the Fund could decline in value or underperform other investments. The value of Shares may also decline as a result of market conditions. Factors such as inflation, changes in interest rates, changes in regulatory requirements, bank failures, political climate deterioration or developments, armed conflicts, natural disasters or future health crises, may negatively impact market conditions, and cause a decrease in the value of Shares. Other unexpected political, regulatory and diplomatic events within the U.S. and abroad may affect investor and consumer confidence and may adversely impact financial markets and the broader economy. These events, and any other future events, may adversely affect the prices and liquidity of the Fund's portfolio investments and could result in disruptions in the trading markets.

Market Underperformance Risk. The Fund's investment strategy may cause the Fund to underperform the price return of the Underlying ETF. The underperformance may be a result of management risk or the implementation of the Fund's investment strategy.

Non-Diversification Risk. The Fund is classified as a "non-diversified company" under the 1940 Act. As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly invested in certain issuers.

Risks Associated with ETFs. The Fund is an ETF, and therefore, as a result of an ETF's structure, is subject to the following risks:

Authorized Participant Concentration Risk. Only an authorized participant may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Fund. The Fund has a limited number of institutions that may act as authorized participants on an agency basis (*i.e.*, on behalf of other market participants). To the extent that authorized participants exit the business or are unable to proceed with orders for the issuance or redemption of Creation Units and no other authorized participant is able to step forward to fulfill the order, Shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts and/or delisting, and the bid/ask spread (the difference between the price that someone is willing to pay for Shares at a specific point in time versus the price at which someone is willing to sell) on Shares may widen.

Cash Transactions Risk. The Fund may effectuate all or a portion of the issuance and redemption of Creation Units for cash, rather than in-kind securities. As a result, an investment in the Fund may be less tax-efficient than an investment in an ETF that effectuates its Creation Units only on an in-kind basis. ETFs are able to make in-kind redemptions to avoid being taxed on gains on the distributed portfolio securities at the fund level. A fund that effects redemptions for cash may be required to sell portfolio securities in order to obtain the cash needed to distribute redemption proceeds and may be forced to recognize gains. The Fund intends to distribute gains that arise by virtue of the issuance and redemption of Creation Units being effectuated in cash to shareholders to avoid being taxed on this gain at the fund level and otherwise comply with special tax rules that apply to it. This may cause shareholders to be subject to tax on gains they would not otherwise be subject to, or at an earlier date than if they had made an investment in another ETF. Moreover, cash transactions may have to be carried out over several days if the securities market is relatively illiquid and may involve considerable brokerage fees and taxes. These brokerage fees and taxes, which will be higher than if the Fund sold and redeemed its shares principally in-kind, will be passed on to those purchasing and redeeming Creation Units in the form of creation and redemption transaction fees. The Fund's use of cash for creations and redemptions could also result in dilution to the Fund and increased transaction costs, which could negatively impact the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

Market Maker Risk. If the Fund has lower average daily trading volumes, it may rely on a small number of third-party market makers to provide a market for the purchase and sale of Shares. Any trading halt or other problem relating to the trading activity of these market makers could result in a dramatic change in the spread between the Fund's NAV and the price at which the Shares are trading on the Exchange, which could result in a decrease in the market price of the Shares. In addition, decisions by market makers or authorized participants to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying values of the Fund's portfolio securities and the Fund's market price. This reduced effectiveness could result in Shares trading at a discount to NAV and in greater than normal intra-day bid-ask spreads for Shares.

Operational Risk. The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error in the calculation of the Fund's investment strategy, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties

or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. The Fund and its Adviser and Sub-Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address these risks.

Premium/Discount Risk. Shares trade on the Exchange at market prices rather than their NAV. The market price of Shares generally corresponds to movements in the Fund's NAV as well as the relative supply and demand for Shares on the Exchange. The market price may be at, above (a premium) or below (a discount) the Fund's NAV. Differences in market prices of Shares and the NAV per Share may be due, in large part, to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for Shares will be closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the Fund's holdings trading individually or in the aggregate at any point in time. These differences can be especially pronounced during times of market volatility or stress. During these periods, the demand for Shares may decrease considerably and cause the market price of Shares to deviate, and in some cases deviate significantly, from the Fund's NAV and the bid/ask spread on Shares may widen.

Trading Issues Risk. Although Shares are listed for trading on the Exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for Shares will develop or be maintained. Trading in Shares on the Exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on the Exchange is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to the Exchange "circuit breaker" rules. Market makers are under no obligation to make a market in the Shares, and authorized participants are not obligated to submit purchase or redemption orders for Creation Units. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the Fund will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

Tax Risk. The Fund intends to qualify as a "regulated investment company" ("RIC"), however, the federal income tax treatment of certain aspects of the proposed operations of the Fund are not entirely clear. This includes the tax aspects of the Fund's options strategy, the possible application of the "straddle" rules, and various loss limitation provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If, in any year, the Fund fails to qualify as a regulated investment company under the applicable tax laws, the Fund would be taxed as an ordinary corporation. Certain options on an ETF may not qualify as "Section 1256 contracts" under Section 1256 of the Code, and disposition of such options will likely result in short-term or long-term capital gains or losses depending on the holding period.

The Fund intends to treat any income it may derive from the FLEX Options as "qualifying income" under the provisions of the Code applicable to RICs. In addition, based upon language in the legislative history, the Fund intends to treat the issuer of the FLEX Options as the referenced asset, which, assuming the referenced asset qualifies as a RIC, would allow the Fund to qualify for special rules in the RIC diversification requirements. If the income is not qualifying income or the issuer of the FLEX Options is not appropriately the referenced asset, the Fund could lose its own status as a RIC.

To maintain its status as a RIC, the Fund must distribute 90% of its investment company taxable income annually. In addition, to avoid a non-deductible excise tax, the Fund must distribute 98% of its ordinary income and 98.2% of its capital gain net income. Separately, depending upon the

circumstances, sales to fund redemptions could cause the Fund to recognize income that the Fund is required to distribute to maintain the Fund's RIC status and avoid the excise tax. Funding such distributions could require additional sales, which could require more distributions and affect the projected performance of the Fund. Alternatively, if the Fund only makes distributions to maintain its RIC status and becomes subject to the excise tax, that could also affect the projected performance of the Fund. In either case, the assets sold to fund redemptions, distributions or pay the excise tax will not be available to assist the Fund in meeting its target outcome.

In the event that a shareholder purchases shares of the Fund shortly before a distribution by the Fund, the entire distribution may be taxable to the shareholder even though a portion of the distribution effectively represents a return of the purchase price.

Valuation Risk. During periods of reduced market liquidity or in the absence of readily available market quotations for the holdings of the Fund, the valuation of the Fund's FLEX Options will become more difficult. In market environments where there is reduced availability of reliable objective pricing data, the judgment of the Fund's investment adviser in determining the fair value of the security may play a greater role. While such determinations may be made in good faith, it may nevertheless be more difficult for the Fund to accurately assign a daily value.

The Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV as well as the average annual Fund returns. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compared to those of a broad-based market index. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.innovatoretfs.com.



The Fund's highest quarterly return was 14.64% (quarter ended December 31, 2023) and the Fund's lowest quarterly return was (5.55)% (quarter ended September 30, 2023).

Average Annual Total Return as of December 31, 2024				
Innovator Uncapped Accelerated U.S. Equity ETF TM	1 Year	Since Inception (08/10/2022)		
Return Before Taxes	31.33%	18.47%		
Return After Taxes on Distributions	31.33%	18.47%		
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	18.55%	14.45%		
S&P 500® Total Return Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)		16.82%		
S&P 500® Price Return Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	23.31%	15.00%		

The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income taxes and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser

Innovator Capital Management, LLC

Investment Sub-Adviser

Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC

Portfolio Managers

The following persons serve as portfolio managers of the Fund.

- Robert T. Cummings Principal Senior Director, Head of Portfolio Management at Milliman
- Jordan B. Rosenfeld Senior Director and Portfolio Manager at Milliman

Each of the portfolio managers is primarily and jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund. Mr. Cummings has served in this capacity since the Fund's inception in August 2022. Mr. Rosenfeld has served in this capacity since July 2024.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares at NAV only with authorized participants that have entered into agreements with the Fund's distributor and only in Creation Units or multiples thereof ("Creation Unit Aggregations"), in exchange for the deposit or delivery of a basket of securities in which the Fund invests. The Fund may also issue and redeem Shares in exchange for cash. Except when aggregated in Creation Units, the Shares are not redeemable securities of the Fund.

Individual Shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market (*i.e.*, on a national securities exchange) through a broker or dealer at a market price. Because the Shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (at a premium), at NAV, or less than NAV (at a discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase Shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for Shares (ask) when buying or selling shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread").

Recent information, including information on the Fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spreads, is available online at www.innovatoretfs.com.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions will generally be taxable as ordinary income, returns of capital or capital gains. A sale of Shares may result in capital gain or loss.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase Shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), Innovator and Foreside Fund Services, LLC, the Fund's distributor (the "Distributor"), may pay the intermediary for the sale of Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

Additional Information About the Fund's Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund is an actively managed ETF. The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital gains while mitigating overall market risk. The Fund's investment objective and policies described herein are non-fundamental policies that may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval. The Fund may liquidate and terminate at any time without shareholder approval. Certain fundamental policies of the Fund are set forth in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"). The Fund has adopted a policy pursuant to Rule 35d-1 under the 1940 Act to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in investments that provide exposure to the Underlying ETF. For the purposes of this policy, the Fund will use the notional value of the Fund's FLEX Option contracts and will value its FLEX Options at mark-to-market. The Fund has adopted a policy to provide the Fund's shareholders with at least sixty (60) days' prior notice of any change in this policy.

The Fund intends to implement this strategy through a series of Options Packages that reference the Underlying ETF. In general, an option contract is an agreement between a buyer and seller that gives the purchaser of the option the right to buy or sell a particular asset at a specified future date at an agreed upon price (commonly known as the "strike price"). FLEX Options are exchange-traded options contracts with uniquely customizable terms. The Fund's FLEX Options reference the Underlying ETF and are cash-settled. Cash-settled option contracts allow the parties to settle the transaction by delivering cash amounts based upon the movements of the reference asset against the strike price of the relevant option contract. For purchased call option contracts, the buyer has the right to receive the cash value of the reference asset's share price netted against the strike price, whereas for sold call options the seller has the obligation to deliver the cash value of the reference asset's share price netted against the strike price, if such option contract is exercised. For purchased put option contracts, the buyer has the right to receive the cash value of the strike price netted against the reference asset's share price, whereas for sold put options, the seller has the obligation to deliver the cash value of the strike price netted against the reference asset's share price, if such option contract is exercised. The FLEX Options held by the Fund are European style options, which are exercisable at the strike price only on the FLEX Option expiration date.

As described in "Principal Investment Strategies" and in "Principal Risks," there are risks associated with an investment in the Fund and there is no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in providing risk-managed investment exposure to the Underlying ETF.

The Fund does not pursue a "defined outcome" strategy. Defined outcome strategies seek to produce pre-determined investment outcomes based upon the performance of an underlying security over a specific period of time (e.g., one year). Unlike other ETFs that utilize a defined outcome strategy, the Fund does not provide a "buffer" (i.e., protection against a specified percentage of underlying ETF or index losses over a period of time). In addition, the Fund's NAV will likely not increase in value unless an Options Package increases to a level above the Accelerated Threshold. The Fund does not seek to provide a stated Accelerated Return Rate multiple (i.e., two -times the price return of the Underlying ETF). Rather, the Accelerated Return Rate multiple will depend on the composition of the Options Package, which is dependent upon market conditions (including, but not limited to, volatility), at the time of the execution of the Options Package. Additionally,

unlike defined outcome funds that have a performance cap (*i.e.*, a limitation on upside participation of underlying ETF or index gains over a certain period of time) the Fund is "uncapped," meaning once the Accelerated Threshold has been exceeded there is no limit on the Accelerated Return Rate produced by an Options Package.

An investor in the Fund should note that the Accelerated Return Rate for each Options Package varies, and will be dependent on market conditions at the time the Options Package is purchased by the Fund. The Fund expects that each of the current Options Packages will have the respective Accelerated Return Rate indicated below, prior to taking into account any fees or expenses charged to shareholders:

- Options Package expiring March 31, 2025: 168%
- Options Package expiring June 30, 2025: 172%
- Options Package expiring September 30, 2025: 173%
- Options Package expiring December 31, 2025: 174%

The above percentages contemplate the Accelerated Return Rate that a particular Options Package is designed to provide after the Underlying ETF's share price exceeds the Accelerated Threshold for that particular Options Package, although such returns are not guaranteed. Additionally, the Accelerated Return Rate for a specific Options Package is designed to be produced only at the expiration of the FLEX Options that comprise such Options Package, and not at any time prior to the expiration date. If an investor buys Shares of the Fund after the FLEX Options for an Options Package are executed or sells Shares of the Fund prior to the expiration date of the FLEX Options in an Options Package, such investor could experience different returns and may not experience the Accelerated Return Rate for such Options Package, if any. The Fund's annual management fee of 0.79% of the Fund's average daily net assets will have the effect of lowering the Accelerated Return Rate experienced by shareholders, if any. The Accelerated Return Rate will be further reduced by any shareholder transaction fees and any extraordinary expenses incurred by the Fund. The Accelerated Return Rate for each Options Package is dependent upon prevailing market conditions at the time the Fund enters into the FLEX Options and could fluctuate widely from one period to the next. There is no guarantee that the Fund, in the future, will provide Accelerated Return Rates at these levels, and the Accelerated Return Rate could be significantly less than indicated above, and under certain market conditions, the Accelerated Return Rates could be zero. Following the close of business on the expiration date of the FLEX Options in an Options Package, the Fund will file a prospectus supplement that discloses the updated potential Accelerated Return Rate for the given quarter. Information relating to the Fund and the Accelerated Return Rates are available on the Fund's website, www.innovatoretfs.com/xusp. Please note the initial duration of each Options Package is less than one year due to the timing of launching the Fund and implementing the "laddering" approach of investing. After the initial roll of each Options Package, such Options Package will have FLEX Options contracts that have approximately one-year expiration dates.

Investor Suitability Considerations

The Fund is a unique investment product that may not be suitable for all investors. An investor should consider investing in the Fund only if it, among other reasons, fully understands the risks inherent in an investment in the Fund's Shares, desires to invest in a product with a return that depends on the price performance of the Underlying ETF, is seeking an investment vehicle that seeks returns that have the potential to outperform the Underlying ETF price performance during periods the Underlying ETF achieves sustained positive performance, fully understands the operationality of the Accelerated Threshold, including that the Fund's Options Packages will not produce any positive returns if the Underlying ETF does not appreciate in value beyond the Accelerated Threshold and that because the positive returns with respect to an Option Package does not commence until the Accelerated Threshold is achieved, the Accelerated Return Rate that an investor may receive above the Accelerated Threshold with respect to an Options Package may be less than an investment in a fund that does not have an Accelerated Threshold, and that there is no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in its attempt to provide the sought-after Accelerated Return Rate.

An investor should not consider investing in the Fund if it, among other reasons, does not fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Fund's Shares, does not desire to invest in a product with a return that depends on the price performance of the Underlying ETF, seeks an investment that provides downside protection against the decreases in the price of the Underlying ETF, is not seeking an investment vehicle that seeks returns that have the potential to outperform the Underlying ETF price performance only during periods the Underlying ETF achieves sustained positive performance, and does not fully understand the operationality of the Accelerated Threshold, including that there is no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in its attempt to provide the sought-after Accelerated Return Rate.

Fund Investments

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENTS

FLEX OPTIONS

FLEX Options are customized option contracts that trade on an exchange but provide investors with the ability to customize key contract terms like strike price, style and expiration date while achieving price discovery in competitive, transparent auctions markets and avoiding the counterparty exposure of over-the-counter ("OTC") options positions. Like traditional exchange-traded options, FLEX Options are guaranteed for settlement by the OCC, a market clearinghouse that guarantees performance by counterparties to certain derivatives contracts.

The FLEX Options in which the Fund invests are all European style option contracts (option contracts that are exercisable only on the expiration date). The FLEX Options are listed on the Chicago Board Options Exchange.

The Fund will purchase and sell call FLEX Options. Call options give the holder (*i.e.*, the buyer) the right to buy an asset (or receive cash value of the asset, in the case of a cash-settled option contract) and the seller (*i.e.*, the writer) the obligation to sell the asset (or deliver cash value of the

asset, in the case of a cash-settled option contract) at a certain defined price. In general, put options give the holder (*i.e.*, the buyer) the right to sell an asset (or deliver the cash value of the asset, in the case of a cash-settled option contract) and the seller (*i.e.*, the writer) of the put has the obligation to buy the asset (or receive cash value of the asset, in the case of a cash-settled option contract) at a certain defined price.

The Fund will use the market value of its derivatives holdings for the purpose of determining compliance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. Since the FLEX Options held by the Fund are exchange-traded, these will be valued on a mark-to-market basis. In the event market prices are not available, the Fund will use fair value pricing pursuant to the fair value procedures adopted by Innovator as the "Valuation Designee" pursuant to Rule 2a-5 of the 1940 Act ("Rule 2a-5") and approved by, and subject to the oversight of, the Board. The Fund will enter into FLEX Options contracts in accordance with Rule 18f-4 under the 1940 Act, which requires the Fund to implement certain policies and procedures designed to manage its derivatives risks, dependent upon the Fund's level of exposure to derivative instruments.

DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

A description of the Trust's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Fund's SAI, which is available at www.innovatoretfs.com.

Additional Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. Investing in the Fund involves risk, including the risk that you may lose all or part of your investment. There can be no assurance that the Fund will meet its stated objective. Before you invest, you should consider the following supplemental disclosure pertaining to the Principal Risks set forth above in this prospectus. The significant of each risk factor below may change over time and you should review each risk factor carefully.

Accelerated Return Rate Risk. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in implementing its investment strategy to provide the Accelerated Return Rate during market conditions where the Underlying ETF is increasing in value. Additionally, if an Options Package held by the Fund does not increase in value above the Accelerated Threshold, the Options Package will not provide the Fund, and therefore its investors, with positive returns. In the event an investor purchases Shares after the FLEX Options were entered into or does not stay invested in the Fund for the entirety of the duration of an Options Package, an investor may not participate in some of the Fund's sought-after Accelerated Return Rate. Further, because the Fund ladders its Options Packages, the Fund's returns are likely to be different than the returns the Fund would produce if a single Options Package were used. The Accelerated Return Rate may only be realized if the Underlying ETF increases in value above the Accelerated Threshold at the conclusion of an Option Package's one-year expiration term. If the Underlying ETF increases above the Accelerated Threshold during the one-year period but fails to remain above the Accelerated Threshold at the conclusion of such term, the Options Package will not deliver, and therefore the Fund will not experience, in any positive returns with respect to that Options Package. Because the positive returns with respect to an Option Package does not commence until the Accelerated Threshold is achieved, the Accelerated Return Rate that an investor may receive above the Accelerated Threshold with respect to an Options Package may be less than an investment in a fund that does not have

an Accelerated Threshold or Accelerated Return Rate. If an investor purchases Shares after the FLEX Options were entered into and the Fund has risen in value to a level above the Accelerated Threshold, such investor may experience more losses than the Underlying ETF experiences.

The Fund does not seek to provide investment outcomes on a daily or other short-term basis, which is an attribute of other types of exchange-traded funds that provide a daily, multiple exposure to a reference index (*i.e.*, a "daily leveraged ETF"). In contrast, the Fund only seeks to provide investment returns that will increase at a greater rate of change than the Underlying ETF, after an initial level of no participation. The value of the FLEX Options held by the Fund is ultimately derived from the performance of the Underlying ETF's share price. However, it is very unlikely that on any given day during which the Underlying ETF share price increases in value, the Fund's share price will increase at the same rate as the Underlying ETF, since the sought-after Accelerated Return Rate is designed to be delivered on the expiration of each Options Package.

If the Underlying ETF's share price increases in value above the Accelerated Threshold over the duration of the Option Package, the Fund seeks to provide for an increase in value at a higher rate than the share price increase experienced by the Underlying ETF. Likewise, there are situations during the Option Package in which the Fund may decrease in value at a higher rate than an associated decrease in the Underlying ETF. If an Options Package has experienced any Accelerated Return Rate, the Options Package may be subject to the possibility of losses that exceed the losses of the Underlying ETF for the remainder of its one-year term of the Options Package.

Upside Participation Risk. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be successful in its strategy to provide shareholders the sought-after Accelerated Return Rate. The Fund will likely realize different returns than the price return of the Underlying ETF and may underperform the Underlying ETF. The Accelerated Return Rate provided by a particular Options Package, and therefore the Fund, is dependent upon market conditions, such as volatility, at the time of execution of the Options Package. Therefore, the Accelerated Return Rate provided will vary between specific Options Packages. When a particular Options Package is rolled, there is no guarantee that as favorable of market conditions will exist as originally executed and the Accelerated Return Rate provided by such Options Package may change for the subsequent year. though such Accelerated Return Rate remains constant once the Options Package is executed. Further, an Options Package will underperform the returns of the Underlying ETF to the extent that the Accelerated Threshold is not exceeded. If an Options Package has not increased to a level above the Accelerated Threshold at the end of its term, the Fund will not experience any increase in value with respect to such Options Package, even if the share price of the Underlying ETF surpassed the Accelerated Threshold at a point during such term. Additionally, an Options Package may underperform the price return of the Underlying ETF even if the Accelerated Threshold has been surpassed at the expiration of the Options Package because the Fund will forgo any positive returns with respect to an Options Package until the Accelerated Threshold is surpassed. In this regard, the price return of the Underlying ETF may need to materially exceed the Accelerated Threshold before an Options Package recoups these foregone returns by virtue of the Accelerated Return Rate. An investors returns with respect to an Options Package may therefore be less than the price return of the Underlying ETF even if the Accelerated Threshold is exceeded at the expiration of the Options Package.

FLEX Options Risk. The Fund will utilize FLEX Options issued and guaranteed for settlement by the OCC. The Fund bears the risk that the OCC will be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the FLEX Options contracts. In the unlikely event that the OCC becomes insolvent or is otherwise unable to meet its settlement obligations, the Fund could suffer significant losses. Additionally, FLEX Options may be less liquid than certain other securities, such as standardized options. In less liquid markets for the FLEX Options, the Fund may have difficulty closing out certain FLEX Options positions at desired times and prices. In connection with the creation and redemption of Shares, to the extent market participants are not willing or able to enter into FLEX Option transactions with the Fund at prices that reflect the market price of the Shares, the Fund's NAV and, in turn the share price of the Fund, could be negatively impacted.

The Fund may experience substantial downside from specific FLEX Option positions and certain FLEX Option positions may expire worthless. The FLEX Options held by the Fund are exercisable at the strike price on their expiration date. As a FLEX Option approaches its expiration date, its value typically increasingly moves with the value of the Underlying ETF. However, prior to such date, the value of the FLEX Options does not increase or decrease at the same rate as the Underlying ETF's share price on a day-to-day basis (although they generally move in the same direction). The value of the FLEX Options held by the Fund will be determined based on market quotations or other recognized pricing methods. The value of the underlying FLEX Options will be affected by, among others, changes in the Underlying ETF's share price, changes in interest rates, changes in the actual and implied volatility of the Underlying ETF and the remaining time to until the FLEX Options expire.

Option Contracts Risk. The use of option contracts involves investment strategies and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. The prices of option contracts are volatile and are influenced by, among other things, actual and anticipated changes in the value of the underlying instrument, changes in interest or currency exchange rates, including the anticipated volatility, which are affected by fiscal and monetary policies and by national and international political, changes in the actual or implied volatility or the reference asset, the time remaining until the expiration of the option contract and economic events. There may at times be an imperfect correlation between the movement in values option contracts and the reference asset, and there may at times not be a liquid secondary market for certain option contracts. Option contracts may also involve the use of leverage, which could result in greater price volatility than other markets. The Fund has taken the necessary steps to comply with the requirements of Rule 18f-4 in its usage of FLEX Options. The Fund has adopted and implements a derivatives risk management program that contains policies and procedures reasonably designed to manage the Fund's derivatives risks, has appointed a derivatives risk manager who is responsible for administrating the derivatives risk management program, complies with outer limitations on risks relating to its derivatives transactions and carries out enhanced reporting to the Board, the SEC and the public regarding its derivatives activities. To the extent the Fund is noncompliant with Rule 18f-4, the Fund may be required to adjust its investment portfolio which may, in turn, negatively impact the Fund's ability to deliver the sought-after Outcomes.

Clearing Member Default Risk. Transactions in some types of derivatives, including FLEX Options, are required to be centrally cleared ("cleared derivatives"). In a transaction involving cleared derivatives, the Fund's counterparty is a clearing house, such as the OCC, rather than a bank or broker. Since the Fund is not a member of clearing houses and only members of a clearing house ("clearing members") can participate directly in the clearing house, the Fund will hold

cleared derivatives through accounts at clearing members. In cleared derivatives positions, the Fund will make payments (including margin payments) to, and receive payments from, a clearing house through their accounts at clearing members. Customer funds held at a clearing organization in connection with any option contracts are held in a commingled omnibus account and are not identified to the name of the clearing member's individual customers. As a result, assets deposited by the Fund with any clearing member as margin for its FLEX Options may, in certain circumstances, be used to satisfy losses of other clients of the Fund's clearing member. In addition, although clearing members guarantee performance of their clients' obligations to the clearing house, there is a risk that the assets of the Fund might not be fully protected in the event of the clearing member's bankruptcy, as the Fund would be limited to recovering only a pro rata share of all available funds segregated on behalf of the clearing member's customers for the relevant account class. The Fund is also subject to the risk that a limited number of clearing members are willing to transact on the Fund's behalf, which heightens the risks associated with a clearing member's default. If a clearing member defaults the Fund could lose some or all of the benefits of a transaction entered into by the Fund with the clearing member. The loss of a clearing member for the Fund to transact with could result in increased transaction costs and other operational issues that could impede the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategy. If the Fund cannot find a clearing member to transact with on the Fund's behalf, the Fund may be unable to effectively implement its investment strategy.

Counterparty Risk. Counterparty risk is the risk an issuer, guarantor or counterparty of a security in the Fund is unable or unwilling to meet its obligation on the security. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty's financial condition, market activities, or for other reasons. The Fund may be unable to recover its investment from the counterparty or may obtain a limited and/or delayed recovery. The OCC acts as guarantor and central counterparty with respect to the FLEX Options. As a result, the ability of the Fund to meet its objective depends on the OCC being able to meet its obligations. In the event an OCC clearing member that is a counterparty of the Fund were to become insolvent, the Fund may have some or all of its FLEX Options closed without its consent or may experience delays or other difficulties in attempting to close or exercise its affected FLEX Options positions, both of which would impair the Fund's ability to deliver on its investment strategy. The OCC's rules and procedures are designed to facilitate the prompt settlement of options transactions and exercises, including for clearing member insolvencies. However, there is the risk that the OCC and its backup system will fail if clearing member insolvencies are substantial or widespread. In the unlikely event that the OCC becomes insolvent or is otherwise unable to meet its settlement obligations, the Fund could suffer significant losses.

Underlying ETF Risk. The Fund's investment performance largely depends on the investment performance and associated risks of the Underlying ETF. The Underlying ETF is subject to many of the same structural risks as the Fund that are described in more detail herein, such as Authorized Participant Concentration Risk, Fluctuation of Net Asset Value Risk, Market Maker Risk, Market Risk, Operational Risk and Trading Issues Risk. However, the risks of investing in an ETF also include the risks associated with the underlying investments held by the ETF. As such, the Fund may be subject to the following risks as a result of its exposure to the Underlying ETF through its usage of FLEX Options:

Equity Securities Risk. The Underlying ETF invests in equity securities, and therefore the Fund has exposure to the equity securities markets due to its investment in FLEX Options that reference the Underlying ETF. Investments in equity securities are subject to market risks

that may cause their prices to fluctuate over time. The value of your investment in the Fund is based on the market prices of the securities to which the Underlying ETF has exposure. These prices change daily due to economic and other events that affect particular companies and other issuers or the market as a whole. Historically, the equity markets have moved in cycles so that the value of the Underlying ETF's equity securities may fluctuate from day-to-day. Individual companies may report poor results or be negatively affected by industry and/or economic trends and developments and the prices of their securities may suffer a decline in response.

Information Technology Companies Risk. The Underlying ETF invests significantly in information technology companies, which results in the Fund having significant exposure to such companies through its exposure to the Underlying ETF by virtue of its usage of FLEX Options. Information technology companies produce and provide hardware, software and information technology systems and services. Information technology companies are generally subject to the following risks: rapidly changing technologies and existing produce obsolescence; short product life cycles; fierce competition; aggressive pricing and reduced profit margins; the loss of patent, copyright and trademark protections; cyclical market patterns; evolving industry standards; and frequent new product introductions and new market entrants. Information technology companies may be smaller and less experienced companies, with limited product lines, markets or financial resources and fewer experienced management or marketing personnel. Information technology company stocks, particularly those involved with the internet, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that are often unrelated to their operating performance. In addition, information technology companies are particularly vulnerable to federal, state and local government regulation, and competition and consolidation, both domestically and internationally, including competition from foreign competitors with lower production costs. Information technology companies are facing increased government and regulatory scrutiny and may be subject to adverse government or regulatory action. Information technology companies also face competition for services of qualified personnel and heavily rely on patents and intellectual property rights and the ability to enforce such rights to maintain a competitive advantage.

Large Capitalization Companies Risk. The Underlying ETF invests in the securities of large capitalization companies, which results in the Fund having significant exposure to such companies through its exposure to the Underlying ETF by virtue of its usage of FLEX Options. Large capitalization companies may be more mature, may grow at a slower rate, and may be less able to adapt to changing market conditions than smaller capitalization companies. Thus, the return on investment in securities of large capitalization companies may be less than the return on investment in securities of small and/or mid capitalization companies. The performance of large capitalization companies also tends to trail the overall market during different market cycles.

Correlation Risk. The FLEX Options held by the Fund will be exercisable at the strike price only on their expiration date. As a FLEX Option approaches its expiration date, its value typically will increasingly move with the value of the Underlying ETF. However, prior to the expiration date, the value of the FLEX Options prior to the expiration date may vary because of related factors other than the value of the Underlying ETF. The value of the FLEX Options will be determined based upon market quotations or using other recognized pricing methods. Factors that may influence

the value of the FLEX Options include interest rate changes and implied volatility levels of the Underlying ETF, among others. The value of the FLEX Options held by the Fund typically do not increase or decrease at the same level as the Underlying ETF's share price on a day-to-day basis due to these factors (although they generally move in the same direction).

Concentration Risk. Through its usage of FLEX Options, the Fund will concentrate in the securities of a particular industry or group of industries to the same extent as the Underlying ETF. To the extent the Fund has significant exposure in a single asset class or the securities of issuers within the same country, state, region, industry or sector, an adverse economic, business or political development may affect the value of the Fund's investments more than if the Fund were more broadly diversified. A significant exposure makes the Fund more susceptible to any single occurrence and may subject the Fund to greater market risk than a fund that is more broadly diversified.

Cyber Security Risk. As the use of Internet technology has become more prevalent in the course of business, the investment industry has become more susceptible to potential operational risks through breaches in cyber security. A breach in cyber security refers to both intentional and unintentional events that may cause the Fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity. Such events could cause the Fund to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. Cyber security breaches may involve unauthorized access to the Fund's digital information systems through "hacking" or malicious software coding, but may also result from outside attacks such as denial-of-service attacks through efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users. In addition, cyber security breaches of the Fund's third-party service providers, such as its administrator, transfer agent, or custodian can also subject the Fund to many of the same risks associated with direct cyber security breaches. The Fund has established risk management systems designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security. However, there is no guarantee that such efforts will succeed, especially because the Fund does not directly control the cyber security systems of issuers or third-party service providers. The Fund may incur substantial costs in order to resolve or prevent cyber security incidents in the future.

Investment Objective Risk. Certain circumstances under which the Fund might not achieve its objective include, but are not limited, to (i) if the Fund disposes of FLEX Options, (ii) if the Fund is unable to maintain the proportional relationship based on the number of FLEX Options in the Fund's portfolio, (iii) a significant accrual of Fund expenses in connection with effecting the Fund's principal investment strategy or (iv) adverse tax law changes or interpretations affecting the treatment of FLEX Options. The Fund is also subject to management risk as an actively-managed fund, which may cause it not to achieve its investment objective.

Liquidity Risk. The market for the Fund's FLEX Options may become less liquid as a result of adverse market or economic conditions or other unrelated reasons. In the event that trading in the underlying FLEX Options is limited or absent, the value of the Fund's FLEX Options may decrease. There is no guarantee that a liquid secondary trading market will exist for the FLEX Options. The trading in FLEX Options may be less deep and liquid than the market for certain other securities, including certain non-customized option contracts. In a less liquid market for the FLEX Options, terminating the FLEX Options may require the payment of a premium or acceptance of a discounted price and may take longer to complete. Additionally, the liquidation of

a large number of FLEX Options may more significantly impact the price in a less liquid market. Further, the Fund requires a sufficient number of participants to facilitate the purchase and sale of options on an exchange to provide liquidity to the Fund for its FLEX Option positions. A less liquid trading market may adversely impact the value of the FLEX Options and the value of your investment.

Management Risk. The Fund is subject to management risk because it is an actively managed portfolio. The Sub-Adviser applies investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there can be no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective, produce the Outcomes or perform as well as similarly situated funds.

Market Risk. The Fund could lose money over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. Assets may decline in value due to factors affecting financial markets generally or particular asset classes or industries represented in the markets. The value of FLEX Options or other assets may also decline due to general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or due to factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates will not have the same impact on all types of securities. Values of securities may change due to factors such as inflation, changes in interest rates, changes in regulatory requirements, bank failures, political climate deterioration or developments, armed conflicts, natural disasters or future health crises, may negatively impact market conditions, and cause a decrease in the value of securities. Other unexpected political, regulatory and diplomatic events within the U.S. and abroad may affect investor and consumer confidence and may adversely impact financial markets and the broader economy. These events, and any other future events, may adversely affect the prices and liquidity of the Fund's investments and could result in disruptions in the trading markets. Securities, including the Shares, are subject to market fluctuations and liquidity constraints that may be caused by such factors or other economic, political, or regulatory developments, and/or perceived trends in securities prices. Shares of the Fund could decline in value or underperform other investments. In addition, local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, spread of infectious diseases or other public health issues, recessions, or other events could have a significant negative impact on a Fund and its investments. Such events may affect certain geographic regions, countries, sectors and industries more significantly than others. Such events could result in disruptions to trading markets and could also adversely affect the prices and liquidity of a Fund's holdings. Any of such circumstances could result in increased market volatility and/or have a materially negative impact on the value of Shares or the liquidity of an investment. During any such events, Shares may trade at greater premiums or discounts to their NAV and the bid/ask spread on Shares may widen. The future potential economic impact of any such future events is impossible to predict and could result in adverse market conditions that impact the performance of the Fund.

Market Underperformance Risk. The Fund's investment strategy may cause the Fund to underperform the price return of the Underlying ETF. The underperformance may be a result of management risk or the implementation of the Fund's investment strategy.

Non-Diversification Risk. The Fund is classified as a "non-diversified company" under the 1940 Act. As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Code. The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly invested in certain issuers.

Risks Associated with ETFs. The Fund is an ETF, and therefore, as a result of an ETF's structure, is subject to the following risks:

Authorized Participant Concentration Risk. Only an authorized participant may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Fund. The Fund has a limited number of institutions that may act as authorized participants on an agency basis (*i.e.*, on behalf of other market participants). Authorized participants are not obligated to make a market in Shares or submit orders for the issuance or redemption of Creation Units. To the extent that authorized participants exit the business or are unable to proceed with orders for the issuance or redemption of Creation Units and no other authorized participant is able to step forward to fulfill the order, Shares may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts and/or delisting, and the bid/ask spread on Shares may widen.

Cash Transactions Risk. The Fund may effectuate all or a portion of the issuance and redemption of Creation Units for cash, rather than in-kind securities. As a result, an investment in the Fund may be less tax-efficient than an investment in an ETF that effectuates its Creation Units only on an in-kind basis. ETFs are able to make in-kind redemptions to avoid being taxed on gains on the distributed portfolio securities at the fund level. A fund that effects redemptions for cash may be required to sell portfolio securities in order to obtain the cash needed to distribute redemption proceeds. Any recognized gain on these sales by the fund will generally cause such fund to recognize a gain it might not otherwise have recognized, or to recognize such gain sooner than would otherwise be required if it were to distribute portfolio securities only in-kind. The Fund intends to distribute gains that arise by virtue of the issuance and redemption of Creation Units being effectuated in cash to shareholders to avoid being taxed on this gain at the fund level and otherwise comply with special tax rules that apply to it. This may cause shareholders to be subject to tax on gains they would not otherwise be subject to, or at an earlier date than if they had made an investment in another ETF. Moreover, cash transactions may have to be carried out over several days if the securities market is relatively illiquid and may involve considerable brokerage fees and taxes. These brokerage fees and taxes, which will be higher than if the Fund sold and redeemed its shares principally in-kind, will be passed on to those purchasing and redeeming Creation Units in the form of creation and redemption transaction fees. In addition, these factors may result in wider spreads between the bid and the offered prices of Shares than for ETFs that distribute portfolio securities in-kind. The Fund's use of cash for creations and redemptions could also result in dilution to the Fund and increased transaction costs, which could negatively impact the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

Market Maker Risk. The Fund faces market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for Shares due to a limited number of market makers. If the Fund has lower average daily trading volumes, it may rely on a small number of third-party market makers

to provide a market for the purchase and sale of Shares. Any trading halt or other problem relating to the trading activity of these market makers could result in a dramatic change in the spread between the Fund's NAV and the price at which the Shares are trading on the Exchange, which could result in a decrease in the market price of the Shares. In addition, decisions by market makers or authorized participants to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying values of the Fund's portfolio securities and the Fund's market price. This reduced effectiveness could result in Shares trading at a discount to NAV and in greater than normal intra-day bid-ask spreads for Shares.

Operational Risk. The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error in the calculation of the Fund's investment strategy, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. Additionally, cyber security failures or breaches of the electronic systems of the Fund and/or its service providers may disrupt or negatively impact the operation of the Fund which may result in financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders. The Fund and its Adviser and Sub-Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address these risks.

Premium/Discount Risk. Shares trade on the Exchange at market prices rather than their NAV. The Fund's NAV represents the value of the Fund's investments and is calculated by taking the sum of the Fund's assets less the Fund's liabilities, if any. The NAV per Share is the value of a Share's portion of all of the Fund's net assets. The market price of Shares generally corresponds to movements in the Fund's NAV as well as the relative supply and demand for Shares on the Exchange. The market price may be at, above (a premium) or below (a discount) the Fund's NAV. Differences in market prices of Shares and the NAV per Share may be due, in large part, to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for Shares will be closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the Fund's holdings trading individually or in the aggregate at any point in time. These differences can be especially pronounced during times of market volatility or stress. During these periods, the demand for Shares may decrease considerably and cause the market price of Shares to deviate, and in some cases deviate significantly, from the Fund's NAV. Additionally, decisions by market makers and/or authorized participants or reduced effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship of the Fund's NAV to the market price of its Shares could result in the Shares trading at a premium, or discount to NAV and the bid/ask spread on Shares may widen.

Trading Issues Risk. Although Shares are listed for trading on the Exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for Shares will develop or be maintained. Shares trade on the Exchange at market prices that may be below, at or above the Fund's NAV. Trading in Shares on the Exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on the Exchange is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to the Exchange "circuit breaker" rules. Market makers are under no obligation to make a market in the Shares, and authorized participants are not obligated to submit purchase or

redemption orders for Creation Units. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the Fund will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

Tax Risk. The Fund intends to qualify as a RIC, however, the federal income tax treatment of certain aspects of the proposed operations of the Fund are not entirely clear. This includes the tax aspects of the Fund's options strategy, the possible application of the "straddle" rules, and various loss limitation provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If, in any year, the Fund fails to qualify as a regulated investment company under the applicable tax laws, the Fund would be taxed as an ordinary corporation. Certain options on an ETF may not qualify as "Section 1256 contracts" under Section 1256 of the Code, and disposition of such options will likely result in short-term or long-term capital gains or losses depending on the holding period.

The Fund intends to treat any income it may derive from the FLEX Options as "qualifying income" under the provisions of the Code applicable to RICs. In addition, based upon language in the legislative history, the Fund intends to treat the issuer of the FLEX Options as the referenced asset, which, assuming the referenced asset qualifies as a RIC, would allow the Fund to qualify for special rules in the RIC diversification requirements. If the income is not qualifying income or the issuer of the FLEX Options is not appropriately the referenced asset, the Fund could lose its own status as a RIC.

To maintain its status as a RIC, the Fund must distribute 90% of its investment company taxable income annually. In addition, to avoid a non-deductible excise tax, the Fund must distribute 98% of its ordinary income and 98.2% of its capital gain net income. Separately, depending upon the circumstances, sales to fund redemptions could cause the Fund to recognize income that the Fund is required to distribute to maintain the Fund's RIC status and avoid the excise tax. Funding such distributions could require additional sales, which could require more distributions and affect the projected performance of the Fund. Alternatively, if the Fund only makes distributions to maintain its RIC status and becomes subject to the excise tax, that could also affect the projected performance of the Fund. In either case, the assets sold to fund redemptions, distributions or pay the excise tax will not be available to assist the Fund in meeting its target outcome.

In the event that a shareholder purchases shares of the Fund shortly before a distribution by the Fund, the entire distribution may be taxable to the shareholder even though a portion of the distribution effectively represents a return of the purchase price.

Valuation Risk. During periods of reduced market liquidity or in the absence of readily available market quotations for the holdings of the Fund, the valuation of the Fund's FLEX Options will become more difficult. In market environments where there is reduced availability of reliable objective pricing data, the judgment of the Fund's investment adviser in determining the fair value of the security may play a greater role. While such determinations may be made in good faith, it may nevertheless be more difficult for the Fund to accurately assign a daily value. The Fund's Valuation Procedures adopted Innovator as Valuation Designee (as reviewed, approved, and subject to the oversight of the Board) complies with Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act. Pursuant to Rule 2a-5, the Board oversees the implementation of the Valuation Procedures. While the Fund's program is designed to contemplate the specific risks of the Fund, there is no guarantee the program will adequately do so each time, and value may not be properly selected for the Fund.

Management of the Fund

The Fund is a series of Innovator ETFs® Trust, an investment company registered under the 1940 Act. The Fund is treated as a separate fund with its own investment objectives and policies. The Trust is organized as a Delaware statutory trust. The Board is responsible for the overall management and direction of the Trust. The Board elects the Trust's officers and approves all significant agreements, including those with the Adviser, Sub-Adviser, custodian and fund administrative and accounting agent.

Investment Adviser

Innovator Capital Management, LLC, 200 W/ Front Street, Wheaton, Illinois 60187, serves as the Fund's investment adviser. In its capacity as Adviser, Innovator has overall responsibility for selecting and monitoring the Fund's investments and managing the Fund's business affairs. Innovator serves as investment adviser to 150 exchange-traded funds, each of which is organized as a separate series of the Trust, a registered management investment company.

Investment Sub-Adviser

Milliman Financial Risk Management LLC, 71 South Wacker Drive, 31st Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60606, serves as the Fund's investment sub-adviser. Milliman has responsibility for managing the Fund's investment program in pursuit of its investment objective.

Portfolio Managers

Robert T. Cummings and Jordan B. Rosenfeld serve as the Fund's portfolio managers. The portfolio managers are primarily and jointly responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

- Robert T. Cummings Principal Senior Director and Head of Portfolio Management at Milliman. Mr. Cummings has served in this role since 2007. Mr. Cummings has more than 13 years of experience as a trader with a primary focus on options. Prior to joining Milliman, he was involved in various proprietary trading strategies and was a portfolio manager of associated derivatives funds. These strategies included volatility arbitrage, global macro, and high-frequency trading. Entities at which Mr. Cummings has previously worked include Citadel Investment Group, TradeNet (as a primary market maker on the Chicago Board Options Exchange), KCM Group and Spyglass Capital Management.
- Jordan B. Rosenfeld Senior Director and Portfolio Manager at Milliman. Mr. Rosenfeld joined Milliman in 2018 as a trader and in 2021 was promoted to ETF Portfolio Manager. Mr. Rosenfeld is responsible for implementing derivatives strategies in exchange-traded funds, mutual funds, and unit investment trusts. He has more than nine years of experience in capital markets with a focus on derivatives portfolio management and multi-asset strategy. Prior to joining the firm, Mr. Rosenfeld was a global macro portfolio manager at Gelber Group.

For additional information concerning Innovator and Milliman, including a description of the services provided to the Fund, please see the Fund's statement of additional information. Additional information regarding the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of Shares may also be found in the statement of additional information.

MANAGEMENT FEE

Pursuant to an investment advisory agreement between Innovator and the Trust, on behalf of the Fund (the "Investment Management Agreement"), the Fund has agreed to pay an annual unitary management fee to Innovator in an amount equal to 0.79% of its average daily net assets. This unitary management fee is designed to pay the Fund's expenses and to compensate Innovator for the services it provides to the Fund. Out of the unitary management fee, Innovator pays substantially all expenses of the Fund, including the cost of transfer agency, custody, fund administration, legal, audit and other service and license fees. However, Innovator is not responsible for distribution and service fees payable pursuant to a Rule 12b-1 plan, if any, brokerage commissions and other expenses connected with the execution of portfolio transactions, taxes, interest, and extraordinary expenses.

Pursuant to an investment sub-advisory agreement between Innovator, Milliman and the Trust, on behalf of the Fund (the "Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement"), Innovator has agreed to pay an annual sub-advisory fee to Milliman in an amount based on the Fund's average daily net assets. Innovator is responsible for paying the entirety of Milliman's sub-advisory fee. The Fund does not directly pay Milliman.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Investment Management Agreement and Investment Sub-Advisory Agreement on behalf of the Fund is available in the Fund's Form N-CSR for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2024.

Manager of Managers Structure. The Fund and Innovator have received an exemptive order from the SEC to operate under a manager of managers structure that permits Innovator, with the approval of the Board, to appoint and replace sub-advisers, enter into sub-advisory agreements, and materially amend and terminate sub-advisory agreements on behalf of the Fund without shareholder approval ("Manager of Managers Structure"). Under the Manager of Managers Structure, Innovator has ultimate responsibility, subject to oversight by the Board, for overseeing the Fund's sub-advisers and recommending to the Board their hiring, termination, or replacement. The SEC order does not apply to any sub-adviser that is affiliated with the Fund or Innovator.

The Manager of Managers Structure enables the Fund to operate with greater efficiency and without incurring the expense and delays associated with obtaining shareholder approvals for matters relating to any sub-adviser or the sub-advisory agreement. The Manager of Managers Structure does not permit an increase in the advisory fees payable by the Fund without shareholder approval. Shareholders will be notified of any changes made to any sub-adviser or a sub-advisory agreement within 90 days of the change.

Additional Information Relating to the Declaration of Trust

The Trust's Agreement and Declaration of Trust (the "Declaration of Trust") provides that by virtue of becoming a shareholder of the Trust, each shareholder is bound by the provisions of the Declaration of Trust. Subject to the provisions of the Declaration of Trust, the Board may, subject to the requisite vote, engage in and prosecute, defend, compromise, abandon, or adjust, by arbitration, or otherwise, any actions, suits, proceedings, disputes, claims, and demands relating to the Trust. The Board may, in the exercise of their or its good faith business judgment, dismiss any action, suit, proceeding, dispute, claim or demand, derivative or otherwise, brought by a shareholder in its own name or in the name of the Trust. The Declaration of Trust further provides a detailed process for the bringing of derivative actions by shareholders. Prior to bringing a derivative action, a written demand by the complaining shareholder must first be made on the Board to bring the subject action unless an effort to cause the Board to bring such action is excused. A demand on the Board shall only be excused if a majority of the Board a material personal financial interest in the subject action.

There may be questions regarding the enforceability of these provisions based on certain interpretations of the Securities Act of 1933 Act, as amended, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and the 1940 Act. However, the Declaration of Trust provides if any provision shall be held invalid or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, such invalidity or unenforceability shall attach only to that provision in such jurisdiction and shall not in any manner affect such provision in any other jurisdiction or any other provision of the Declaration of Trust. The provisions of the Declaration of Trust are not intended to restrict any shareholder rights under the federal securities laws and do not mandate the adjudication of federal securities laws claims through arbitration.

How to Buy and Sell Shares

The Fund will issue or redeem its Shares at NAV per Share only in Creation Units. Most Fund shareholders will buy and sell Shares in secondary market transactions through brokers. Shares will be listed for trading on the secondary market on the Exchange. Shares can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like other publicly traded shares. Share prices are reported in dollars and cents per Share. There is no minimum investment. When buying or selling Shares through a broker, you will incur customary brokerage commissions and charges, and you may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price in the secondary market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction. Because Shares trade at market price rather than NAV, a Fund Shareholder may pay more than NAV when purchasing Shares and receive less than NAV when selling Shares.

Authorized participants may acquire Shares directly from the Fund, and authorized participants may tender their Shares for redemption directly to the Fund, at NAV per Share only in Creation Units, and in accordance with the procedures described in the SAI.

BOOK ENTRY

Shares are held in book-entry form, which means that no stock certificates are issued. The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee is the record owner of all outstanding Shares and is recognized as the owner of all Shares for all purposes.

Investors owning Shares are beneficial owners as shown on the records of DTC or its participants. DTC serves as the securities depository for all Shares. Participants in DTC include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other institutions that directly or indirectly maintain a custodial relationship with DTC. As a beneficial owner of Shares, you are not entitled to receive physical delivery of stock certificates or to have Shares registered in your name, and you are not considered a registered owner of Shares. Therefore, to exercise any right as an owner of Shares, you must rely upon the procedures of DTC and its participants. These procedures are the same as those that apply to any other stocks that you hold in book entry or "street name" form.

SHARE TRADING PRICES

The trading prices of Shares on the Exchange is based on market price and may differ from the Fund's daily NAV. Market forces of supply and demand, economic conditions and other factors may affect the trading prices of Shares.

FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF SHARES

The Fund does not impose restrictions on the frequency of purchases and redemptions ("market timing"), and has adopted no policies and procedures with respect to market timing activities. In making this determination, the Board considered the risks associated with market timing activities by the Fund's shareholders, including, dilution, disruption of portfolio management, increases in the Fund's trading costs and the potential for the realization of capital gains.

Shares may be purchased and redeemed directly from the Fund only when aggregated into one or more Creation Units by authorized participants that have entered into agreements with the Fund's distributor. The vast majority of trading in Shares occurs on the secondary market and does not involve the Fund directly. Cash trades on the secondary market are unlikely to cause many of the harmful effects of frequent purchases and/or redemptions of Shares detailed above. To the extent the Fund may effect the issuance or redemption of Creation Units in exchange wholly or partially for cash, such trades could result in disruption of portfolio management, dilution to the Fund and increased transaction costs, which could negatively impact the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objectives, and may lead to the realization of capital gains. These consequences may increase as the frequency of cash purchases and redemptions of Creation Units by authorized participants increases. However, direct trading by authorized participants is critical to ensuring that Shares trade at or close to NAV.

To minimize these potential consequences of frequent purchases and redemptions of Shares, the Fund imposes transaction fees on purchases and redemptions of Creation Units to cover the custodial and other costs the Fund incurs in effecting trades. In addition, the Fund reserves the right to not accept orders from authorized participants that Innovator has determined may be disruptive to the management of the Fund or otherwise are not in the best interests of the Fund. For these reasons, the Board has not adopted policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions of Shares.

Dividends, Distributions and Taxes

Ordinarily, dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared and paid at least annually by the Fund. The Fund distributes its net realized capital gains, if any, to shareholders annually.

Distributions in cash may be reinvested automatically in additional whole Shares only if the broker through whom you purchased Shares makes such option available.

TAXES

This section summarizes some of the main U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Shares of the Fund. This section is current as of the date of this prospectus. Tax laws and interpretations change frequently, and this summary does not describe all of the tax consequences to all taxpayers. For example, this summary generally does not describe your situation if you are a corporation, a non-U.S. person, a broker-dealer, or other investor with special circumstances. In addition, this section does not describe your state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences.

This federal income tax summary is based in part on the advice of counsel to the Fund. The Internal Revenue Service could disagree with any conclusions set forth in this section. In addition, counsel to the Fund was not asked to review, and has not reached a conclusion with respect to, the federal income tax treatment of the assets to be included in the Fund. This may not be sufficient for you to use as the purpose of avoiding penalties under federal tax law.

As with any investment, you should seek advice based on your individual circumstances from your own tax advisor.

The Fund intends to continue to qualify as a "regulated investment company" under the federal tax laws. If the Fund qualifies as a regulated investment company and distributes its income as required by the tax law, the Fund generally will not pay federal income taxes.

As with any investment, you should consider how your investment in Shares will be taxed. The tax information in this prospectus is provided as general information. You should consult your own tax advisor about the tax consequences of an investment in Shares.

Unless your investment in Shares is made through a tax-exempt entity or tax-deferred retirement account, such as an IRA plan, you need to be aware of the possible tax consequences when:

- The Fund makes distributions,
- You sell your Shares listed on the Exchange, and
- You purchase or redeem Creation Units.

To maintain its status as a RIC, the Fund must meet certain income, diversification and distributions tests. The Fund intends to treat any income that it may derive from the FLEX Options as "qualifying income" under the provisions of the Code applicable to RICs. In addition, based upon language in the legislative history, the Fund intends to treat the issuer of the FLEX Options as the referenced

asset, which, assuming the referenced asset qualifies as a RIC, would allow the Fund to qualify for special rules in the RIC diversification requirements. If the income is not qualifying income or the issuer of the FLEX Options is not appropriately the referenced asset, the Fund could lose its own status as a RIC.

Taxes on Distributions

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable. After the end of each year, you will receive a tax statement that separates the distributions of the Fund into two categories, ordinary income distributions and capital gain dividends. Ordinary income distributions are generally taxed at your ordinary tax rate; however, certain ordinary income distributions received from the Fund may be taxed at the capital gains tax rates. Generally, you will treat all capital gain dividends as long-term capital gains regardless of how long you have owned your Shares. To determine your actual tax liability for your capital gain dividends, you must calculate your total net capital gain or loss for the tax year after considering all of your other taxable transactions, as described below. The tax status of your distributions from the Fund is not affected by whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Shares or receive them in cash. The income from the Fund that you must take into account for federal income tax purposes is not reduced by amounts used to pay a deferred sales fee, if any. The tax laws may require you to treat distributions made to you in January as if you had received them on December 31 of the previous year.

Income from the Fund may also be subject to a 3.8% "Medicare tax." This tax generally applies to your net investment income if your adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts, which are \$250,000 in the case of married couples filing joint returns and \$200,000 in the case of single individuals.

A corporation that owns Shares generally will not be entitled to the dividends received deduction with respect to many dividends received from the Fund because the dividends received deduction is generally not available for distributions from regulated investment companies.

If you are an individual, the maximum marginal stated federal tax rate for net capital gain is generally 20% (15% or 0% for taxpayers with taxable incomes below certain thresholds). Capital gains may also be subject to the Medicare tax described above.

Net capital gain equals net long-term capital gain minus net short-term capital loss for the taxable year. Capital gain or loss is long-term if the holding period for the asset is more than one year and is short-term if the holding period for the asset is one year or less. You must exclude the date you purchase your Shares to determine your holding period. However, if you receive a capital gain dividend from the Fund and sell your Shares at a loss after holding them for six months or less, the loss will be recharacterized as long-term capital loss to the extent of the capital gain dividend received. The tax rates for capital gains realized from assets held for one year or less are generally the same as for ordinary income. The Code treats certain capital gains as ordinary income in special situations.

An election may be available to shareholders to defer recognition of the gain attributable to a capital gain dividend if they make certain qualifying investments within a limited time. Shareholders should talk to their tax advisor about the availability of this deferral election and its requirements. The Fund's positions in FLEX Options may reduce the amount of long-term capital gains, and, thus, reduce the amount of distributions eligible to be capital gain dividends.

TAXES ON EXCHANGE LISTED SHARES

If you sell or redeem your Shares, you will generally recognize a taxable gain or loss. To determine the amount of this gain or loss, you must subtract your tax basis in your Shares from the amount you receive in the transaction. Your tax basis in your Shares is generally equal to the cost of your Shares, generally including sales charges. In some cases, however, you may have to adjust your tax basis after you purchase your Shares.

TAXES AND PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF CREATION UNITS

If you exchange securities for Creation Units you will generally recognize a gain or a loss. The gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time and your aggregate basis in the securities surrendered and the cash component paid. If you exchange Creation Units for securities, you will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between your basis in the Creation Units and the aggregate market value of the securities received and any cash redemption amount. The Internal Revenue Service, however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of securities for Creation Units or Creation Units for securities cannot be deducted currently under the rules governing "wash sales," or on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position.

TREATMENT OF THE FLEX OPTIONS

The FLEX Options included in the portfolio are exchange-traded options. Under Section 1256 of the Code, certain types of exchange-traded options are treated as if they were sold (i.e., "marked to market") at the end of each year. The Fund does not believe that the positions held by the Fund will be subject to Section 1256, which means that the positions will not be marked to market but the positions will be subject to the straddle rules.

However, the Fund's investments in offsetting positions with respect to the Underlying ETF may be "straddles" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The straddle rules may affect the character of gains (or losses) realized by the Fund, and losses realized by the Fund on positions that are part of a straddle may be deferred under the straddle rules, rather than being taken into account in calculating taxable income for the taxable year in which the losses are realized. In addition, certain carrying charges (including interest expense) associated with positions in a straddle may be required to be capitalized rather than deducted currently. Certain elections that the Fund may make with respect to its straddle positions may also affect the amount, character and timing of the recognition of gains or losses from the affected positions.

The tax consequences of straddle transactions to the Fund are not entirely clear in all situations under currently available authority. The straddle rules may increase the amount of short-term capital gain realized by the Fund, which is taxed as ordinary income when distributed to U.S. shareholders

in a non-liquidating distribution. Because application of the straddle rules may affect the character of gains or losses, defer losses and/or accelerate the recognition of gains or losses from the affected straddle positions, if the Fund makes a non-liquidating distribution of its short-term capital gain, the amount which must be distributed to U.S. shareholders as ordinary income may be increased or decreased substantially as compared to a fund that did not engage in such transactions.

TREATMENT OF FUND EXPENSES

Expenses incurred and deducted by the Fund will generally not be treated as income taxable to you.

BACKUP WITHHOLDING

The Fund may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax ("backup withholding") from dividends and capital gains distributions paid to shareholders. Federal tax will be withheld if (1) the shareholder fails to furnish the Fund with the shareholder's correct taxpayer identification number or social security number, (2) the IRS notifies the shareholder or the Fund that the shareholder has failed to report properly certain interest and dividend income to the IRS and to respond to notices to that effect, or (3) when required to do so, the shareholder fails to certify to the Fund that he or she is not subject to backup withholding. The current backup withholding rate is 24%. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be credited against the shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability.

Non-U.S. Investors

If you are a non-U.S. investor (*i.e.*, an investor other than a U.S. citizen or resident or a U.S. corporation, partnership, estate or trust), you should be aware that, generally, subject to applicable tax treaties, distributions from the Fund will generally be characterized as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes (other than dividends which the Fund properly reports as capital gain dividends) and will be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes, subject to certain exceptions described below.

However, distributions received by a non-U.S. investor from the Fund that are properly reported by the Fund as capital gain dividends may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes, provided that the Fund makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met. Distributions from the Fund that are properly reported by the Fund as an interest-related dividend attributable to certain interest income received by the Fund or as a short-term capital gain dividend attributable to certain net short-term capital gain income received by the Fund may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes when received by certain non-U.S. investors, provided that the Fund makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met. For tax years after December 31, 2022, amounts paid to or recognized by a non-U.S. affiliate that are excluded from tax under the portfolio interest, capital gain dividends, short-term capital gains or tax-exempt interest dividend exceptions or applicable treaties, may be taken into consideration in determining whether a corporation is an "applicable corporation" subject to a 15% minimum tax on adjusted financial statement income.

Distributions to, and gross proceeds from dispositions of Shares by, (i) certain non-U.S. financial institutions that have not entered into an agreement with the U.S. Treasury to collect and disclose certain information and are not resident in a jurisdiction that has entered into such an agreement with

the U.S. Treasury and (ii) certain other non-U.S. entities that do not provide certain certifications and information about the entity's U.S. owners may be subject to a U.S. withholding tax of 30%. However, proposed regulations may eliminate the requirement to withhold on payments of gross proceeds from dispositions.

The foregoing discussion summarizes some of the possible consequences under current federal tax law of an investment in the Fund. It is not a substitute for personal tax advice. You also may be subject to state and local taxes on Fund distributions and sales of Shares.

Consult your personal tax advisor about the potential tax consequences of an investment in Shares under all applicable tax laws. See "Distributions and Taxes" in the statement of additional information for more information.

Distributor

Foreside Fund Services, LLC serves as the distributor of Creation Units for the Fund on an agency basis. The Distributor does not maintain a secondary market in Shares.

Net Asset Value

US Bancorp Fund Services LLC ("USBFS"), the Fund's administrator and fund accounting agent, calculates the Fund's NAV at the close of regular trading (ordinarily 4:00 p.m. E.S.T.) every day the New York Stock Exchange is open. The NAV for one Share is the value of that Share's portion of the net assets of the Fund, which is calculated by taking the market price of the Fund's total assets, including any interest or dividends accrued but not yet collected, less all liabilities, and dividing such amount by the total number of Shares outstanding. The result, rounded to the nearest cent is the NAV per Share.

Section 2(a)(41) of the 1940 Act provides that when a market quotation is readily available for a fund's portfolio investments, such investment must be valued at the market value. Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act defines a readily available market quotation as "a quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical investments that the fund can access at a measurement date, provided that a quotation will not be readily available if it is not reliable." If a market quotation is not "readily available" the portfolio investment must be fair valued as determined in good faith by a fund's board of trustees. Rule 2a-5 allows a fund's board of trustees to designate the fund's investment adviser as the "valuation designee" to perform fair value determinations subject to certain conditions. In accordance with Rule 2a-5, the Board has appointed Innovator as the "Valuation Designee" for the Fund's portfolio investments. Investments will be fair valued as determined in good faith in accordance with the policies and procedures established by Innovator as the Valuation Designee pursuant to Rule 2a-5 and approved by, and subject to the oversight of, the Board of Trustees. As a general principle, "fair value" represents a good faith approximation of the value of a portfolio investment and is the amount the Fund might reasonably expect to receive from the current sale of that investment in an arm's-length transaction. The use of fair value prices may result in prices used by the Fund that may differ from current market quotations or official closing prices on the applicable exchange. A variety of factors may be considered in determining the fair value of such securities. While the Valuation Procedures (defined below) are intended to result in the Fund's

NAV calculation that fairly reflects the values as of the time of pricing, the fair value determined for a portfolio instrument may be materially different from the value that could be realized upon the sale of that instrument.

FLEX Options listed on an exchange (e.g., Cboe) will typically be valued at a model-based price provided by the exchange at the official close of that exchange's trading day. However, when the Fund's option has a same-day market trading price, this same-day market trading price will be used for FLEX Option values instead of the exchange's model-based price. If the exchange on which the option is traded is unable to provide a model price, model-based FLEX Options prices will additionally be provided by a backup third-party pricing provider. In selecting the model prices, the Sub-Adviser may provide a review of the calculation of model prices provided by each vendor, and may note to such vendors of any data errors observed, or where an underlying component value of the model pricing package may be missing or incorrect, prior to publication by the vendor of the model pricing to the Fund Accounting Agent for purposes of that day's NAV. If either pricing vendor is not available to provide a model price for that day, the value of a FLEX option will be determined by Innovator as Valuation Designee in accordance with the Valuation Procedures. In instances where in the same trading day, a particular FLEX Option is represented in an all-cash basket (either a creation unit or redemption unit), as well as in an in-kind basket (either a creation unit or a redemption unit), for valuation purposes that trading day the Fund will default to use the trade price for both instances, rather than the model price otherwise available for the in-kind transaction.

Common stocks, preferred stocks and other equity securities listed on any national or foreign exchange (excluding the NASDAQ National Market ("NASDAQ") and the London Stock Exchange Alternative Investment Market ("AIM")) will be valued at the last sale price on the exchange on which they are principally traded or, for NASDAQ and AIM securities, the official closing price. Securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price or official closing price, as applicable, at the close of the exchange representing the principal market for such securities. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at the mean of the bid and the asked price, if available, and otherwise at their closing bid price.

Exchange-traded options (other than FLEX Options) and futures contracts will be valued at the closing price in the market where such contracts are principally traded. If no closing price is available, they will be valued at fair value. Any fair value determination will be made in accordance with the policies and procedures established by Innovator as Valuation Designee in accordance with Rule 2a-5.

USBFS may obtain all market quotations used in valuing securities from a third-party pricing service vendor (a "Pricing Service"). If no quotation can be obtained from a Pricing Service, then USBFS will contact Innovator. Innovator is responsible for establishing the valuation of portfolio securities and other instruments held by the Fund in accordance with the pricing and valuation procedures adopted by the Board (the "Valuation Procedures"). Innovator will then attempt to obtain one or more broker quotes for the security daily and will value the security accordingly.

If no quotation is available from either a Pricing Service, or one or more brokers, or if Innovator has reason to question the reliability or accuracy of a quotation supplied or the use of amortized cost, the value of any portfolio security held by the Fund for which reliable market quotations

are not readily available will be determined by Innovator in a manner that most appropriately reflects fair market value of the security on the valuation date. The use of a fair valuation method may be appropriate if, for example: (i) market quotations do not accurately reflect fair value of an investment; (ii) an investment's value has been materially affected by events occurring after the close of the exchange or market on which the investment is principally traded (for example, a foreign exchange or market); (iii) a trading halt closes an exchange or market early; or (iv) other events result in an exchange or market delaying its normal close.

Fair valuation of an equity security will be based on the consideration of all available information, including, but not limited to, the following: (a) the type of security; (b) the size of the holding; (c) the initial cost of the security; (d) transactions in comparable securities; (e) price quotes from dealers and/or pricing services; (f) relationships among various securities; (g) information obtained by contacting the issuer, analysts, or the appropriate stock exchange; (h) an analysis of the issuer's financial statements; and (i) the existence of merger proposals or tender offers that might affect the value of the security.

With respect to any non-U.S. securities held by the Fund, the Fund may take factors influencing specific markets or issuers into consideration in determining the fair value of a non-U.S. security. International securities markets may be open on days when the U.S. markets are closed. In such cases, the value of any international securities owned by the Fund may be significantly affected on days when investors cannot buy or sell Shares. In addition, due to the difference in times between the close of the international markets and the time the Fund prices its Shares, the value the Fund assigns to securities generally will not be the same as the quoted or published prices of those securities on their primary markets or exchanges. In determining fair value prices, the Fund may consider the performance of securities on their primary exchanges, foreign currency appreciation/depreciation, securities market movements in the U.S., or other relevant information as related to the securities.

For more information about how the Fund's NAV is determined, please see the section in the SAI entitled "Determining Offering Price and Net Asset Value."

Fund Service Providers

US Bancorp Fund Services LLC is the administrator and transfer agent for the Trust. U.S. Bank, N.A. serves as the custodian for the Trust.

Chapman and Cutler LLP, 320 South Canal Street, Chicago, Illinois 60606, serves as legal counsel to the Trust.

Cohen & Company, Ltd., 342 North Water Street, Suite 830, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, serves as the Fund's independent registered public accounting firm and is responsible for auditing the annual financial statements of the Fund.

Premium/Discount Information

Information showing the number of days the market price of Shares was greater (at a premium) and less (at a discount) than the Fund's NAV for the most recently completed calendar year, and the most recently completed calendar quarters since that year (or the life of the Fund, if shorter), is available at www.innovatoretfs.com.

Other Investment Companies

Section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act restricts investments by investment companies in the securities of other investment companies. Rule 12d1-4 under the 1940 Act provides the requirements under which an investment company may invest in securities of another investment company beyond the limits prescribed in Section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act. Any investment by another investment company in the Fund, or by the Fund in another investment company, must comply with Rule 12d1-4 in order to exceed the limits contained in Section 12(d)(1).

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance. The total returns in the table represent how much an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund Share. The information below has been audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., the Trust's independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's Form N-CSR, which is available upon request.

Innovator ETFs® Trust Financial Highlights Innovator Uncapped Accelerated U.S. Equity ETFTM

			Investment Operations:							Less Distributions From:						
	Net Asset			Net	Net Realized				Net Realized							
	Value,		Investment		and Unrealized		Total From		Net		and					
	Beginning of		Income		Gain (Loss) on		Investment		Investment		Unrealized		Return of		Total	
For the Year Ended	the Year		_(Loss) ^(a)		Investments(b)		Operations		Income		Loss		Capital		Distributions	
10/31/2024	\$	25.95	\$	(0.27)	\$	13.26	\$	12.99	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
10/31/2023	\$	24.52	\$	(0.21)	\$	1.62	\$	1.41	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
10/31/2022 ^(f)	\$	26.88	\$	(0.04)	\$	(2.32)	\$	(2.36)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

								Supplemental Data and Ratios							
								Ratio of	Ratio of						
								Expenses to	Expense to	Ratio of Net					
								Average Net	Average Net	Investment					
	ETF N			et Asset				Assets Before	Assets After	Income	Portfolio				
	Tr	ansaction	7		Net Assets,		Expense	Expense	(Loss) to						
]	Fees Per End of		end of	Total		End of Year	Reimbursement/	Reimbursement/	Average Net	Turnover				
For the Year Ended		Share		Year	Return	(in Thousands)		Recoupment ^(d)	Recoupment ^(d)	Assets(d)	Rate(c)				
10/31/2024	\$	0.01	\$	38.95	50.11%	\$	34,085	0.79%	0.79%	(0.78)%	0%				
10/31/2023	\$	0.02	\$	25.95	5.85%	9	15,570	0.79%	0.79%	(0.77)%	0%				
$10/31/2022^{(f)}\dots\dots$	\$	(g)	\$	24.52	$(8.79)\%^{(e)}$	9	5,516	0.79%	0.79%	(0.78)%	$0\%^{(e)}$				

- (a) Net investment income per share has been calculated based on average shares outstanding during the year.
- (b) Realized and unrealized gains and losses per share in the caption are balancing amounts necessary to reconcile the change in net asset value per share for the years, and may not reconcile with the aggregate gains and losses in the Statement of Operations due to share transactions for the year.
- (c) Portfolio turnover rate excludes in-kind transactions.
- (d) Annualized for periods less than one year.
- (e) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- (f) Inception date of the Fund was August 10, 2022.
- (g) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.



INNOVATOR UNCAPPED ACCELERATED U.S. EQUITY ETFTM

For more detailed information on the Fund, several additional sources of information are available to you. The Statement of Additional Information, incorporated by reference into this Prospectus, contains detailed information on the Fund's policies and operation. Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders and in Form N-CSR. In the Fund's annual reports, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly impacted the Fund's performance during the last fiscal year. In Form N-CSR, you will find the Fund's annual and semi-annual financial statements. The Fund's most recent Statement of Additional Information, annual or semi-annual reports and certain other information such as Fund financial statements are available free of charge by calling the Fund at (800) 208-5212, on the Fund's website at www.innovatoretfs.com or through your financial advisor. Shareholders may call the toll-free number above with any inquiries.

You may obtain this and other information regarding the Fund, including the SAI and Codes of Ethics adopted by the Adviser, Sub-Adviser, Distributor and the Trust, directly from the SEC. Information on the SEC's website is free of charge. Visit the SEC's on-line EDGAR database at http://www.sec.gov. You may also request information regarding the Fund by sending a request (along with a duplication fee) to the SEC by sending an electronic request to publicinfo@sec.gov.

SEC File #: 333-146827

811-22135

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